Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 22. VICTORIA, B. C., TUESDAY, OCTOBER 22. 1895. No. 42

These New Watches of Ours are Sellers.

JEWELLERY.

Some New and very pretty Rings, at prices that will surprise you.

CHALLONER & MITCHELL, JEWELERS, 47 GOVERNMENT ST.

The WESTSIDE

High Art Novelties.

Dress Stuffs — The most attractive range ever shown by us; in extent and variety surpasses all previous displays.

Scotch Tweeds — So serviceable, so stylish, so fashionable, and so cheap.

Cheviotine Serge — Soft finish, easily draped, wears well. This is a strong autumn favorite.

Serges — Storm, diagonal, and navy, from 50c. to $1.75 per yard. Dye and finish unexcelled. Suitable for all and at suitable prices.

Jacquard Weaves — Lustrous figures, choice designs, latest Parisian creations.

Showroom — We wish to draw your attention to the great advantage of having Wraps, Capes and Coats proofed against rain. By a new process, which has proved a great success, we had our Tweeds so proofed before being made up, and can confidently recommend the garments made from these Tweeds.

Although twelve cases more are due and will probably arrive in a few days, we have just put into stock 500 garments, including Capes, Coats, Ulsters, Jackets, Golf Capes, Etc. These are of the pride-pleasing, comfort-giving kind, and are built to fit the wearer, and the figure doesn't have to be built to fit them. Waterproofs for Ladies, Misses and Children can't be beat of the kind and quality that sell. Must be seen to be appreciated. Have a look.

J. Hutcheson & Co.

October 12, 1895.

Go to Cheapside For Heating Stoves

MAUDE—We must have a Heating Stove this Winter, dear.

CHARLIE—Well, go down to Cheapside and get one. They have a big variety and their prices are always right.

GEO. POWELL & CO., CHEAPSIDE, 127 GOVERNMENT. ST.

We Have It

IT IS HERE AT LAST—A LONG TIME MATERIALIZING—THAT BIG SACK OF SUGAR, 21 LBS. FOR A DOLLAR. NEW VALENCIAS AND LOOSE MUSCATEL RAISINS, SEASON 1895.

OUR SNAPS—3 LB. PRUNES, 25c.; 3 TIN SALMON, 25c.; AND THAT 5 LB. PAIL OF JAM FOR 50c.

GUINESS' STOUT IN PINTS ALL GONE, BUT WE WILL GIVE YOU A QUART FOR 20c. JESSE MOORE BOURBON WHISKEY WILL CURE LA GRIPPE. SONOMA IS A FINE TABLE CLARET AT 25c. A QRT. BOTTLE.

DIXI H. ROSS & CO.

Just Received

A Large Shipment of

CHRISTIE'S BISCUITS,

Oswego, Social Tea, Abernethy, Sultana, Smyrna, Family Pilot, Rice Drops, Cracknells, Macroons, etc.

ERSKINE, WALL & CO.,

LEADING GROCERS.

FALL AND WINTER SUITS

R. J. MATTHEWS, Merchant Tailor, 101 Douglas St.,

Will sell all his fall suits at GREATLY REDUCED RATES, as follows: $35 Suits for $25; $30 Suits for $20; $25 Suits for $18, and $20 Suits for $15. If you want a suit, now is your chance to get a first-class one cheap. Satisfaction guaranteed as to fit and workmanship. No trouble to show the goods.

101 DOUGLAS STREET.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for property, a good paying business centrally located; immediate possession; satisfactory reasons for selling. Address "Alpha," Times office. o22-2t

FIRST CLASS PANTS MAKER WANTED at J. W. Creighton's, 86 Government street. o22-3t

THE SINGLE TAX CLUB holds its regular weekly public meeting in Temperance Hall to-morrow (Wednesday) at 8 p.m. William Berridge will lecture on "The Land Question." Addresses by Ald. McMillan and others; admission free. oc22-1t

LOT—Corner Pioneer and Blanchard sts., for sale cheap. Apply Mrs. Grant, 125 Blanchard st. oc22-2t

WANTED—An apprentice for dressmaking, at 30 Bay street. o22-2

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply 51 Niagara street. oc22-2t

MASQUERADE SUITS TO RENT—At rock bottom prices, Room No. 2, Turner Block, Johnston street. oc22-1

Coal $6.00.

Reduction in the price of the old, reliable, genuine,

Wellington Coal - - -

Until further notice we will sell best double screened Wellington Coal at $6 per ton, delivered in the city.

RATTRAY & HALL,

Sole Agents for R. Dunsmuir & Sons.

COAL

Best Double-Screened

New Wellington Coal . . .

$6.00 Per Ton

Buy early and Avoid the rush.

Sratt & Macaulay,

SOLE AGENTS.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

TWO NIGHTS ONLY.

MONDAY & TUESDAY, OCT. 28 & 29

Operatic Event of the Season!

Peerless Pauline Hall

And Her Brilliant Company

In the Merry Operatic Comedy

DORCAS,

By Harry and Edward Paulton, authors of "Ermine," and "Niobe."

Direct from their Phenomenal Success at the Baldwin Theatre, San Francisco.

SAME GREAT CAST.

PAULINE HALL	Hugh Chilvers
Jeanette St. Henry	E. Temple Saylor
Eva Davenport	Charles Bradshaw
Drew Donaldson	Neil O'Brien
Mabel Irvine	Arthur E. Miller
Madge Ellis	Charles Meyer
Genevieve Lytton	Downing Clark
James Grant	and others.

SAME EXQUISITE MUSIC.

Johann Strauss, Sir August Harris, Millocher, Caibulka, Ivan Caryll, Dr. Carl Zeller, Max Hirschfeld.

SAME SUPERB COSTUMES.

By Worth and Felix, of Paris. Designed by Sir Edward Neville.

SAME BEAUTIFUL SCENERY. By Merry, Read & Seavey.

SAME GREAT ORCHESTRATIONS. Conducted by Prof. Watty Hyces.

PRICES.—$1.50 and $1.00. Gallery, 50c. Sale of seats opens Thursday morning, Oct. 24th, at 9 o'clock.

New advertisements continued on page 8.

HIS BAD CHARACTER

Durrant and King Made the Church Headquarters for Luring Girls to Sin.

These Girls Belong to Respectable Families—Their Parents Unsuspecting.

A Bootblack Tells the Story—The Defence Has About Closed Its Case.

San Francisco, Oct. 22.—The defense in the Durrant trial practically closed yesterday. Another witness is to be examined to-day and then the prosecution will begin the introduction of their testimony in rebuttal. Although much important testimony of the prosecution is to be submitted, the case will probably go to the jury at the close of next week.

Yesterday afternoon Dr. R. C. McDonald was called in to give expert evidence on the hallucinations of women. He admitted that in a time of great excitement over an extraordinary crime elderly women often became possessed with the delusion that they had known of the existence of alleged facts. He denied, however, that elderly women were more likely to have such hallucinations than anybody else. The question was plainly for the purpose of throwing discredit on the testimony of Mrs. Leak and Mrs. Vogel, two of the strongest witnesses for the prosecution. Charles T. Lenahan, who it is asserted by the defense, was mistaken for Durrant by Pawnbroker Oppenheim, proved a disappointing witness. He made several conflicting statements, among which the assertion that it was in the afternoon instead of the morning that he tried to pawn a ring at Oppenheim's.

The prosecution in the trial of W. H. T. Durrant has found a witness who will testify that everything was not right in Emanuel church prior to the murder of Blanche Lamont and Minnie Williams. This witness is a colored bootblack by the name of Budd Wilson. To-night he was served with a subpoena and told his story to Detective Seymour.

"I knew King and Durrant so well that they talked freely before me," said he. "At first I was surprised that such religious young men should be carrying on in such a fashion, but after a while I concluded that they were about the same as other young men. I learned from those two boys themselves that they were taking girls into the church every night. I often heard them tell of the fun they had there and of the different girls who accompanied them. I know myself of five girls who used to go to church at night with those boys. The people in the Mission would be very much surprised if they knew who the girls were. They all belong to respectable families, and the worst of it all is that their parents never dreamed that such things were going on."

District Attorney Barnes has decided not to introduce any experts on handwriting in rebuttal. The defense did not go into this matter as deeply as was expected, so that there is no real need of following up the handwriting exhibits on behalf of the people. Besides, there is so little writing on the wrapper and newspaper which enclosed Blanche Lamont's ring that it would be very difficult to prove by expert testimony that it had been written by any particular individual. The subject of handwriting will be left open for argument before the jury.

The defense will not keep witness Lenahan long on the stand to-morrow. This witness did not fulfill expectations, Durrant and his attorneys thought he would go on the stand exhibiting a striking resemblance to the defendant and testify that he offered to sell a diamond ring to Pawnbroker Oppenheim at about the time the latter says that Durrant visited his place with Blanche Lamont's ring. Lenahan surprised the defense by testifying that he never wore a moustache in his life, and that his visit to Oppenheim's place was after Blanche Lamont's rings had been returned to the dead girl's aunt.

The defense will close as soon as the attorneys are through with Lenahan, and then the rebuttal, for which the prosecution is amply prepared, will begin. J. S. Dunnegan, it is understood, will be the first witness called. He will be asked regarding his visit with Dr. G. F. Graham to the jail where Durrant was confined, and about Durrant's request for a private conversation with him. Then will come Graham himself, and Students Glaser, Dukes and Dodge. Miss Carrie Cunningham will close the rebuttal evidence.

It is understood that the defense will not make any strong efforts to impeach the prosecution's evidence as given in rebuttal, as Durrant's attorneys are anxious to close the case. It is possible that the arguments will be reached by the end of the week. There is still some doubts as to whether or not Deuprey will be able to make an argument to the jury. He has hopes himself, but his physician is not so sure. At all events the attorney has the evidence at his home, and is preparing himself for a great effort.

San Francisco, Oct. 22.—Attorney Dickenson this morning announced that he had no further witnesses to call in the defence of Theo. Durrant. The calling of witnesses in rebuttal was, therefore, begun by the prosecution. The first to step forward was the treasurer of the church, who was to refute the statement of Durrant that the trustees asked him to repair the gas fixtures at the church last April.

D. Cole, C. G. Noble, Jos. Davis and Rev. Spaulding and A. D. Vogel, trustees of the church, when called to the stand, testified that they did not ask Durrant to make any repairs.

C. W. Dodger, medical student, testified that on the afternoon of April 3 he saw Durrant at the ferry and the prisoner told him he was waiting for some members of the signal corps whom he expected from Oakland. C. A. Dukes, who accompanied Dodger, corroborated this testimony. The testimony is important from the fact that Durrant, when on the stand, said that he was at the ferry boat for the purpose of searching for Blanche Lamont, who, a mysterious stranger had told him, would cross the bay that afternoon.

A. A. Hobe, an old school mate of Durrant's, testified that on the same afternoon he saw Durrant at the ferry in company with a young woman who answered to the description of Minnie Williams.

Minnie Williams, it appears, came over from her home in Alameda that night and next day her body was found in Emanuel church. The theory of the prosecution is that, instead of being at the ferry to follow up a clue of Blanche Lamont, Durrant was there for the purpose of meeting Miss Williams and luring her to death.

E. A. Glaser, student at the medical college, testified that on April 10th Durrant asked him to read aloud his notes of Dr. Cheney's lecture. Glaser said he read his notes to Durrant who devoted three-quarters of an hour to writing in his own note book. The defense tried to show that it was the custom of students to compare notes, but Glaser said Durrant read nothing that purported to be his own notes.

District Attorney Barnes said to-day at noon that the testimony in rebuttal would be finished by to-morrow. The argument of the case will therefore probably begin about the last of the week. The court took a recess till 2 p. m.

THE SMUGGLING SCANDALS.

Newfoundland Revenue Board Will Fine the Smugglers and Thus Avoid Publicity.

The Board Has Suspended the Action Before the Court for That Purpo e.

St. Johns, Nfld. Oct. 22.—Seven more arrests of smugglers are promised to-night, new information to-day giving clues of another band who are plying their trade in an unexpected direction. The board of revenue has instructed its solicitor to suspend the action before the court and to return all documents, depositions, etc., and will decide the cases themselves, and fine all those involved, thus escaping public scandal. The solicitor will not do this and the board threatens to demand his resignation. Meanwhile every effort is being made to follow up the confessions that have been made and to complete the cases against all those named as having been dealers in smuggled goods.

WILL BROOK NO INTERFERENCE

Spain Will Settle Her Own Affairs—Cuba's Great Cyclone.

Madrid, Oct. 22.—The premier, Senor Canovas del Castillo, in an interview today on the subject of a report circulated to the effect that the United States has consented to send a commission to inquire into the situation in Cuba, is quoted as saying that Spain will not permit any power to interfere in an affair which only concerns Spain.

Havana, Oct. 22.—The latest word received here of the progress of the cyclone, of which warning was given yesterday, is that it has caused havoc in the province of Santa Clara, the wind blowing with hurricane force at the rate of 90 miles an hour, uprooting trees, blowing down houses, and laying waste cane fields. The damage which has resulted is enormous and the people in the villages in the interior are thoroughly discouraged at so many successive calamities.

Details of the ravages of the storm in full are not yet known, but the danger for Havana is now over. It has been raining all over the island for twenty-four hours and there are fears of another disastrous flood in Vulta and Majio and in the provinces of Havana, Matanzas and Santa Clara. The storm's trajectory shows that it will strike the southeastern portion of Florida and will perhaps be more violent there than here, as it was momentarily increasing in intensity while passing over this island. Communication with Matanzas is stopped, as every wire is down and the railroad track is also flooded.

SHIPS SERIOUS SUFFERERS.

From the Atlantic Storms that are Now Raging Furiously.

Halifax, Oct. 22.—Reports of disasters resulting from the recent gale are coming in constantly. The wind has blown with hurricane force for three days and a tremendous sea has been running outside during the time. The American fishing schooner Alice Hawke went ashore last night but got off this morning at high water, and, with the assistance of steam tugs, reached North Sydney, where she went on the marine railway. She is badly damaged.

A dispatch from Parrisboro states that the ship Trojan is on the rocks and part of her hull is gone. The schooner Nora O'Neill, of Parrisboro, is a total wreck at Craverie; schooner Ethel was blown ashore and will be a total loss.

—Yatakaori Rugs, suitable for bedrooms, bathrooms etc., can be purchased from Weiler Bros.

WHITE MUST WAIT

Till After the Session for His Job—He Was Not Appointed Yesterday.

Disgusted with this Shilly-shallying Mr. White Said to Have Resigned.

Haggard Afraid to Accept Mr. McCarthy's Challenge to Open Cardwell.

Ottawa, October 22.—The government has decided not to open any more constituencies until after the session, and, therefore, would not pass the order which was before the cabinet yesterday to appoint Robert White, M. P., to the collectorship of customs at Montreal. Mr. Haggart both hates and fears Mr. McCarthy, and will not accept the latter's challenge to open Cardwell.

It is learned on good authority to-day that R. S. White, M. P., has sent in his resignation for the constitutency of Cardwell.

RUSSIA SHOWS HER HAND

Demands the Reinstatement of the King of Corea to Administer Affairs.

Japanese Officials Found Guilty of Fomenting Rebellion—Forty to be Deported.

Yokohama, Oct. 22.—Newspaper advices received from Seoul say that the Corean government confirms the news of the queen's death. It is reported that the Russian minister has protested against the maladministration of Corean state affairs. It is believed that if the protest is ignored an ultimatum will follow.

The Nichi Shimbun says that Japanese minister Miura and the officials of the Japanese legation are indicated as the principal fomentors of the disturbance, the Japanese soldiers having acted on Minister Miura's orders, against the views of the Japanese advisers to the Corean government, who declared that Minister Miura's action would lead to serious international complications. Orders have been given that over forty Japanese residents of Seoul should be deported.

A Tokio Journal, the Asaki, says that Minister Miura and the Japanese officials are returning to Japan under an escort of soldiers. The foreign representatives at Seoul are said to have demanded protection for their respective legations. All of them agree in denouncing the Japanese as the murderers of the queen.

New York, Oct. 20.—A World dispatch from Tokio says: Lieut. General Miura, the deposed Japanese minister to Corea, and a few attaches of the Japanese legation at Seoul instigated the plot to kill the Corean queen, it is now believed. Probably she was assassinated by Japanese soshi under the direct orders of the Tai Won Kun. The imperial cabinet is here, resolved to punish the guilty parties regardless of rank. Meanwhile efforts of certain diplomats to implicate Japan in the affair continue, although the government at Tokio was kept utterly ignorant of it for several days by the craftiness of General Miura. Count Okuma cannot return to the cabinet yet.

MORE ATTACKS ON CHRISTIANS.

Reported Armenian Movement—Shipping Disaster at Shanghai.

Constantinople Oct. 22.—Advices received here from Ishid and Hendek say the Mussulman attacks upon Christians continue. Troops have been hastily dispatched to the scene of the disturbance. According to the news received from Adan and Alepho, revolutionary agents are traversing the country enrolling young Armenians, while quantities of ammunition and dynamite are being smuggled across the frontiers for their use.

Shanghai, Oct. 22.—Private advices from Kenchow say a disaster to the steamer Kun Pai occurred on the morning of October 14, about 20 miles from Kenchow. Captain Soden, the first and second mates, the first and second engineers, and one passenger are dead. Seven hundred soldiers were aboard when a powder explosion occurred, setting the vessel on fire. The crew worked hard for half an hour to extinguish the flames, when there was a second explosion which almost wrecked the vessel. The captain and the chief officers, who were wounded in the first explosion, tried to get a boat lowered, but the soldiers rushing pell mell to the davits, broke it away and the boat was smashed by the heavy sea that was then running. The survivors, who were the third engineer and 200 soldiers, sat in the storm for seventeen hours, as the sea was too heavy for the boats to reach the wreck. Twenty-seven of the wounded were brought to land and placed in the hospital at Kenchow. These victims presented a dreadful appearance.

London, Oct. 22.—The steam yacht Windward, which conveyed the Jackson-Harmsworth polar expedition to Franz Josef land, and which arrived at Bergen on Oct. 10th, passed Southend to-day.

A COMPREHENSIVE CLAIM.

Salisbury's Note a Final Insistence of British Sovereignty Over Disputed Territory.

London Papers Discuss the Venezuelan Question from Various Points of View.

Washington, Oct. 21.—Officials of diplomatic corps who are in a position to speak with full understanding and authority on the Venezuelan question, upon a careful reading of the official statement of the British foreign office, say that it is a decisive rejection of the claims made by the Venezuelans and a negative answer to the requests of the United States that the subject be submitted to arbitration. The essential feature of the foreign office statement pointed out that Great Britain will not permit Venezuela to overstep the line made by the Amacuna and Cuyuni rivers, but will submit to arbitration the other territories in dispute. It is stated that as there is no other territory in dispute the British denial of arbitration is comprehensive and complete. The lines made by the Amacuna and Cuyuni rivers is practically what is known as the Shumburg line, and includes all territory on the south band and the mouth of the Orinoco river.

The British already occupy the north bank, so that the official assertion of this claim to the south bank gives them the entire entrance to the great waterway of South America. Included also within the line of the two rivers is a large part—probably one-half—of the track recently granted by Venezuela to a United States syndicate. Under the foregoing circumstances, the statement of the foreign office is said to sweep aside all basis of compromise or arbitration, such as the United States government has urged, and to be a final insistance of the British sovereignty over the essential territory at issue covering and commanding the south bank of the Orinoco.

London, Oct. 22.—The Times says this morning in an editorial: "Some of our American friends have been too previous in their interpretations of a report that the Marquis of Salisbury had sent an ultimatum to Venezuela. Lord Salisbury's dispatch had to be sent through Berlin. The tenor was not such as to raise the questions which a portion of the American press seems so anxious to discuss. The claim that the right bank of the Cuyuni river belongs to them does not justify the Venezuelan government in an attack upon the British policy. Until their violent act is attoned for, and an ample apology made, they are in the position of having suddenly removed the dispute from the sphere of diplomacy and challenged its settlement by force. Whether they count on enjoying immunity on account of the distance of the scene of action from Georgetown, or whether, like other weak states, they presume upon their insignificance to do things no great power would attempt, it is time the Caracas politicians were taught a salutory lesson."

The Chronicle this morning publishes an interview with United States Ambassador Bayard, in which the latter is quoted as saying that he had only very general ideas of the latest phase of the Venezuelan trouble, except what he had gathered from the newspapers. His latest mission was an endeavor of the friendliest character to arrange for a resumption of the Venezuelan frontier negotiations.

Lord Salisbury has listened to his arguments in the best spirit. The delay of Lord Salisbury's reply was doubtless due to the latter's holiday and to the subsequent occopation of the foreign office. The many disputes of the United States with Venezuela had always been amicably arranged by a board of conciliation, and Mr. Bayard said he did not see why the same method should not be adopted as between England and Venezuela. Lord Salisbury's demand for reparation, he added, was quite outside his mission in the affair.

The Daily News, Liberal, in an editorial, says: "It is little credit to diplomacy that the Venezuelan question should be so long unsettled. The successive British administrations have not been perfectly consistent with themselves or with each other. The most serious aspect of the question is to be found in the United States, and the dispute will need to be arranged with the greatest tact and temper on both sides, especially as there is a similar difficulty with regard to Trinidad. In each case we shall have to consider public sentiment in the United States and to set an example of moderation and self control."

The Chronicle, Liberal, says editorially: "We are very much obliged at America's efforts at conciliation in the Venezuelan affair, but the offer would come with more grace if she would pay the Behring sea indemnity in accordance with the Paris award. While we hope that Mr Bayard and Lord Salisbury will come together, it is evident that America has no footing beyond that of a powerful neighbor.

The Morning Post, Conservative, says, in an editorial, that it expects that America will send a squadron to Central American waters but that it certainly will not fight on behalf of Venezuela. There is no doubt, the Post says, that the American attitude will be the same as it was with Nicaragua.

Paris, Oct. 22.—Le Soir, speaking of the Venezuelan question, says: "There is a tendency on the part of America to abuse the Monroe doctrine. England is right, and France will be compelled to imitate her in order to secure an equitable settlement of several questions.

Halifax, N.S., Oct. 22.—The British warships Buzzard and Cleopatra arrived to-day from St. John's, Nfld., and joined the flagship Crescent, the only other ship in port. The other men-of-war connected with the North American and West Indian squadron are cruising in Canadian and British West Indian waters, but in case they are needed to proceed to Venezuela, as has been indicated, they could be communicated with easily. Commodore Howe came from Newfoundland in the Cleopatra.

—To restore gray hair to its natural color as in youth, cause it to grow abundant and strong, there is no better preparation than Hall's Hair Renewer.

THE VENEZUELAN QUESTION.

America's Wishes are Only for Consideration of the Boundary.

London, Oct. 22.—The Exchange Telegraph Company this afternoon sent out a report of an interview which one of its representatives had with United States Ambassador Hon. Thos. F. Bayard. Mr. Bayard is quoted as saying he will probably receive an immediate answer from the Marquis of Salisbury on the Venezuelan question; that the United States government will be quite satisfied if its ventures lead to negotiations for the resumption of the consideration of the frontier dispute. The United States can do nothing regarding the Marquis of Salisbury's demand for indemnity from Venezuela.

OLIVER CROMWELL'S HEAD

Has Undergone Many Stirring Adventures Apart from the Body.

London, Oct. 22.—The Liverpool Post claims to have unearthed the head of Oliver Cromwell, which is said to have been found in the possession of the Wilkeson family, of Sealchart, Kent, who, it is said, possess a complete record of the Protector. According to these documents, Oliver Cromwell's embalmed head, after his death, with those of some of his lieutenants, was disinterred after the ascension of Charles II. to the throne and placed on a pike with those of Ireton and Bradshaw over Westminster Hall. During a storm, it is related, the pike staff was broken, the head fell to the ground and was picked up by a sentry who concealed it in his cloak and took it home, where, fearing discovery, he hid it in the chimney. On his deathbed the soldier confessed what he had done to his attending doctor, who took possession of the head. After various vicissitudes, including being placed on exhibition in a pubic show, the Cromwell head passed into the possession of the Wilkeson family, who kept it an oak box. It is still impaled on the pike head, and has evidently suffered from exposure and smoke.

MANY VESSELS LOST.

Underwriters Greatly Alarmed Over the Continual Losses.

San Francisco, Oct. 22.—The English underwriters have become panic-stricken in consequence of the recent fires on coal laden ships and as a result a large business is being done in this city in reinsurance. Four ships on the way from Europe for San Francisco have been reinsured at the rate of from 10 to 20 per cent. The strangest feature about the business is that none of the vessels are yet due. The loss of the British ship Europea, bound from Leith for San Francisco, determined the underwriters' course of action. They began quietly unloading on those vessels bound from Glasgow, Liverpool and Cardiff and when news was received that the Parthia had been abandoned at sea, the insurance men made haste to get from under. Of the coal laden vessels coming here, 20 per cent have been offered for reinsurance on the Nordlyset and Casabona, bound for Glasgow; 10 per cent. on the William F. Babcock, from Liverpool, and the Duchess Anne, from Hull. The Nordlyset is only 120 days out and the Casabona but 78. The Babcock is 104 days out and the Duchess 86. Such a state of affairs is almost without precedent, and it was not brought about by the loss of the Europea and Parthia alone. The abandonment of these two vessels was the culmination of a long list of disasters to coal ships bound from Europe for the west coast, which extends back only as far as June. The Parthia makes the eighth vessel which has been abandoned in mid ocean in the past four months. Besides these, nine vessels have been on fire.

THE BOOM NOT BURST YET.

But It May any Moment—Mining Market Very Shaky.

New York, Oct. 21.—The Evening Post's special financial cablegrams today are as follows: The stock markets were irregular to-day. They opened strong on a recovery of mines, but they subsequently slumped on renewal of liquidations here and from Paris, and the market closed at the worst. Unless there is recovery soon there must be some trouble, though perhaps not serious. Americans were dull, closing weak with Kaffirs. Argentines were strong, the Morgans are said to be buying. The sharp break into cotton causes fears that some speculators may be caught, the more so because it is said that some of them were bulls on Kaffirs.

The Anaconda Mines Co. was floated to-day in London, an English syndicate having acquired a one-fourth interest in the capital of $30,000,000 at a price believed to be near par. The capital is in shares of £5 each and these were dealt in to-day at £7¼, no formal prospectus was issued. It is understood that the English money to be remitted in payment was drawn against last Friday.

The Berlin stock market was dull today.

Speculation in New York to-day was only of moderate proportions. London was a seller of the international stocks and the break in the cotton corner, while encouraging the expectation of the continued ease in the rates of foreign exchange, also caused some apprehension of financial disturbances at New Orleans.

Renewed attention was given to silver to-day. The recent advance in the price of the white metal, due to the sharp demand for account of China and Japan, has revealed the light supply available. This demand was originally stipulated by the expenditures incidental to the late war. It will be continued, as the instalment payments of the Chinese indemnity are expected to cover two years. Meanwhile silver accumulated in London for the initial payments in question has been employed for India and other countries. London statistics show that there has been a decrease in the imports of silver into England of eight million ounces, or equivalent to in the neighborhood of £1,000,000. This fact together with the decreased importations of silver into Washington, incidental to the repeal of the Sherman silver law is considered to indicate a decrease in the annual production of silver of 62,000,000 ounces.

The stock market ruled quiet and generally firm.

IT LOOKS MUCH LIKE MURDER

Was Trader Stokes the Victim of Captain Lothaire's Petty Official Spite?

Russia Would Like to Caress Germany—The Pope's Opposition to Portugal.

Berlin, Oct. 22.—The Nord Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung publishes a statement that Dr. Stuhlmann, of German East Africa, is adding stronger proof that Stokes, the English trader, executed by the Belgian Officer, Captain Lothaire, did not wilfully act in hostility to the Congo State. The trade in arms was permitted under certain conditions by a Congo State act in the interest of the ivory trade. Stokes appeared unaware of a special prohibition. Dr. Stuhlmann refutes as an insult the assertion that the German authorities furnished Stokes with arms and ammunition. In his opinion Stokes has been executed because Captain Lothaire feared the competition.

MOURNING FOR THE DEAD.

The Body of John W. Mackay, Jr., Given a French Mourning.

Paris, Oct. 22.—The body of the late John W. Mackay Jr. was placed this afternoon in the chapelle ardent, constructed at the residence of Mrs. Mackay, his step-mother, where it was watched by the Sisters of Mercy, and where the dead man's friends will be allowed to take a last farewell of his remains. The chapelle is magnificently draped in black and silver, and the coffin rests upon a catafalque elevated four feet from the ground. Numerous floral wreaths and other tokens of mourning for the dead man have already arrived and are being placed about the bier. The date of the funeral is not yet fixed.

EPISCOPALIAN CONVENTION.

It Will Be "Convention" and "Primate"—These Points Settled.

Minneapolis, Minn., Oct. 22.—At the session of the house of deputies of the Episcopalian convention to-day Dean Hoffman reported that the house of bishops had receded from their choice of the word "synod" instead of "convention," and had agreed to give up the "primate" nomenclature. With these concessions article one of the revision was adopted and that much is settled without further consideration by the revision committee. A long list of memorials to deceased members was read and devotional exercises were held.

GREAT CAUSE FOR REJOICING

That the Turk Has Been Brought To Time—Cable Notes.

Constantinople, Oct. 22.—An official communication regarding the Armenian reforms has been made public through the Turkish press. It is carefully worded in order to show that the reforms are in perfect harmony with the existing laws, so as to avoid exciting the Turks. In addition to the reforms already known to have been approved by the Sultan, the communication says that the inhabitants will be protected by troops when they visit the mountain pastures, and that they will thus be able to obey the law which provides that they are not to carry arms. The nomadic tribes will be settled upon lands which will be granted to them by the government. The Hamadich cavalry will be subjected to special regulations, and four officials will be sent yearly from Constantinople to enquire into abuses of the new administration.

Tiflis, Russia, Oct. 22.—Advices received here from Erzeroum, Armenia, say the issuing by the Sultan of Turkey of the order approving of the reform of Armenian affairs, suggested by the Powers, has caused great rejoicing there. Thanksgiving services have been held in the cathedral, and rigorous measures for the protection of Armenians against the Kurds and Turks have been taken.

Berlin, Oct. 22.—The Emperor Frederick memorial church was consecrated this morning in the presence of the emperor and empress who subsequently attended the unveiling of the monument erected to the memory of the late Empress Augusta.

Warsaw, Oct. 22.—The childrens' home at Stargard, in Sajonchek district, Polish Russia, was this morning destroyed by fire and ten children perished in the flames.

Dublin, Oct. 22.—The Freeman's Journal to-day announced that Mr. John Dillon, the well known Irish leader, and member of parliament for East Mayo, will be married in November to the daughter of Mr. Justice Matthew.

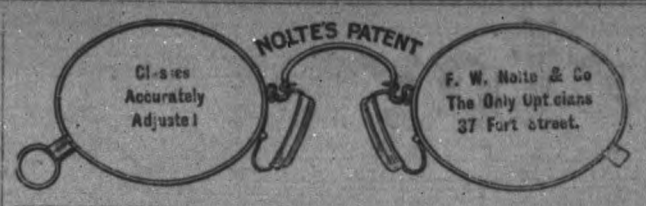
None But Ayer's at the World's Fair.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla enjoys the extraordinary distinction of having been the only blood purifier allowed on exhibit at the World's Fair, Chicago. Manufacturers of other sarsaparillas sought by every means to obtain a showing of their goods, but they were all turned away under the application of the rule forbidding the entry of patent medicines and nostrums. The decision of the World's Fair authorities in favor of Ayer's Sarsaparilla was in effect as follows: Ayer's Sarsaparilla is not a patent medicine. It does not belong to the list of nostrums. It is here on its merits.

S. F. & C. For All Points on Puget Sound

"F. S. & C." applied to steamer Rosaue means, fast, safe and comfortable. This new steamer leaves Victoria daily at 9 a.m., except Sundays, for Port Townsend and Seattle, arriving at Seattle at 4 p.m., connecting with steamer Flyer daily for Tacoma, and Great Northern trains for all points east and south. Returning—Steamer leaves Seattle at 11:30 p.m. daily, except Sundays, arriving at Victoria at 6:30 a.m. Local and through tickets at Great Northern R.R. office, 75 Government street.

—Warmth and vigor accompany good digestion. Adams' Tutti Frutti is a wonderful aid to digestion. Refuse imitations.



THE CANADIAN COPYRIGHT.

Herbert Spencer Discusses the Question—The Times' View of it.

London, Oct. 22.—Herbert Spencer writes a long letter to the Times this morning on the Canadian copyright question, in the course of which he indicates an important issue which has been entirely ignored, namely, that the multiplication of the centres of production prevents the writing of many books that would otherwise be written. This does not much affect the works of amusement but the works of instruction. It often weighs with fatal effect, not killing, but preventing their birth. The exaction of a condition, Mr. Spencer goes on to say, that books must be printed in America, is a serious evil in the American Copyright Act and would be increased if Canada and other colonies were to succeed in enforcing a similar stipulation on British authors. "In my own case," Mr. Spencer says, "had I not obtained a sale in America without reprinting there, the works which have occupied me since 1860, would never have been written."

The Times has an editorial commenting on the foregoing, in which it says that it trusts the controversy will be settled by the commanding influence of common sense on both sides, and appeals to Canada whether it is fair or wise to push its pretensions to the utmost. If Canada is to have a separate law, the Times points every British colony may claim the same power, which would prove ruinous to authors."

DUKES DECLINE TO PAY DUTY.

Marlborough Does Smaller Things Than Drink Whiskey in Kentucky.

New York, Oct. 22.—A package containing jewellery, intended as wedding presents to the Duke of Marlborough and his bride-elect, Miss Vanderbilt, were received by steamer on Saturday and held for duty. The value of the presents, as appraised by the customs officials, was about $250.

The Duke was notified of the arrival of the wedding presents and was requested to call and pay the duty and take the pretty trifles away. He did not respond, but to-day Mr. Fraser, the British consul, called on Col. Phelps and secured permission to return the glittering baubles to the senders in Europe, as the Duke did not care to pay duty thereon.

AMERICAN NAVAL CHANGES.

Admiral Selfridge Detailed to Command the European Station.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 22.—Secretary Herbert, this afternoon issued an order detaching Rear-Admiral Kirkland from the command of the European station, and assigning to the command Rear-Admiral Selfridge, at present head of the trial board at the navy department. Admiral Kirkland is at present on his flagship, the San Francisco, en route from Gibraltar to Algiers.

Tired but Sleepless

Is a condition which gradually wears away the strength. Let the blood be purified and enriched by Hood's Sarsaparilla and this condition will cease.

"For two or three years I was subject to poor spells. I always felt tired, could not sleep at night and the little I could eat did not do me any good. I read about Hood's Sarsaparilla and decided to try it. Before I had finished two bottles I began to feel better and in a short time I felt all right and had gained 21 pounds in weight. I am stronger and healthier than I have ever been in my life." JOHN W. COUGHLIN, Wallaceburg, Ontario.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Is the Only True Blood Purifier

Prominently in the public eye today. Be sure to get Hood's and only Hood's. Do not be induced to buy and other.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills, biliousness, headache. 25c.

DODDS' MAMMOTH COLLECTION —OF— BULBS FOR $1.00.

6 Hyacintha,	Mix.	12 Crocus,	Mix.
6 " Grad "		3 Chinodoxa,	
1 Easter Lily,		10 Tulips,	Mix.
1 Calla "		3 Oxalis "	
5 Freesias,		3 Iris, "	
3 Sparaxis,	Mix.	2 Narcissus, "	
1 Ixia,		3 Anemones, "	

207 FORT ST.

Received To-Day

CHOICE FINNAN HADDIE.

R. H JAMESON,

Grocer, - - - - 33 Fort Street.

AMUSEMENTS.

BAZAAR.

The Ladies of the R. C. Cathedral will hold their Annual Bazaar in Institute Hall, on

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 23.

Lunch will be served at noon and Supper at 6, 25c. each.

ENTERTAINMENT in the evening consists of Cutlass Drill by 16 young ladies in sailor dresses, with songs and recitations. Admission, in the evening, 25 cts. oct1-3

LECTURES

THEOSOPHY.

Mrs. S. A. Harris, of San Francisco,

will hold

A QUESTION MEETING

At Theosophical Headquarters, 28 Broad Street, on

WEDNESDAY EV'G at 8 P.M.

written questions on theosophical subjects invited. The public are specially invited to attend.

Per SS. Strathnevis

Direct from

JAPAN,

Another consignment of

RUGS and MATS

Including

Washstand Bathroom, Bedroom Rugs,

In fine quality of Matting, bordered. (These are new and very cheap.)

The "Yutakaoria Rug"

Is a special thing and we only have a few of this make.

WEILER BROS.,

51 to 55 Fort St,

1895 1896

PENDRAY'S PRIZE COMPETITION.

Twenty Prizes will be given for the 20 largest number of Electric Soap Wrappers sent in by October 1st, 1896:

1st Prize	...	$20.00
2nd "	...	15.00
3rd "	...	10.00
2 Prizes of	..	7.50 each
4 "	" ..	5.00 "
6 "	" ..	2.50 "
3 "	" ..	1.00 "

For particulars and conditions see small bills sent out with all Electric Soap.

Take notice—No wrapper of any kind will be eligible unless the name of W. J. Pendray is upon them. Refuse any other Electric Soap, and see that every wrapper has the name printed upon it of "W. J. PENDRAY."

ASSESSMENT SYSTEM.

Massachusetts Benefit Life Association

$100,000.00 deposited with the Dominion Government. The Association issues new and improved policy contracts. They embrace all the provisions that the experience of the past seventeen years has suggested as practicable and desirable for the insured. Prominent among its policy contracts are the new Industrial Policy, issued the 1st of October this year; latest out. This policy will carry immediate benefit for the face value, weekly premium plan; Non Incontestable Policy, Ordinary Life, 20 Years' Deferred Dividend Policy, the Five and Ten Renewable Term Policy, and the Special Credit Policy. The Association issues policies from $1000 to $20,000, with a definite promise to pay in full. Write for particulars, to George G. Bigger, Manager for B. C., 212 Westminster Ave, Vancouver, B. C.

JOHN MESTON,

Carriage Maker

BLACKSMITH, ETC

Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.

ARCHITECTS

JNO. TEAGUE, ARCHITECT

Has removed to new offices, corner Broad street and Trounce avenue.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.

The Hall of the above society in Masonic Block, Broad street, is now daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of the Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE,

No. 7, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisguard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE, VETERINARY SURGEON,

Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V.S., Buffalo, N.Y.) Office at Bray's Livery, 100 Johnson street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417, Victoria, B. C.

SCAVENGERS

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with James Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner of Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver street. Telephone, 130.

MISCELLANEOUS

A. & W. WILSON

PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS,

Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best description of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, P. O. Telephone call 182

FOR SALE

THE TRUMP WATCH—If you want a first class watch for a small amount go to J. Wenger, 90 Government street, near Post Office. Old Price $5.00, New Price $2.75. Oct. 3.—tf

TO LET

HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS, with every convenience and separate kitchen, or single bed sitting rooms, 63 Superior St. oct7-tf

TO LET—A 6 roomed Cottage with 3 acres of land under fruit trees, outhouses, etc., Foul Bay Road. Apply T. Elford, Shawnigan Lumber Yard, Discovery St. oct8-tf

LOST OR FOUND.

FOUND—Near James Island, a boat 24 feet 8 inches in length; beam 5 feet 7 inches. Owner can obtain same by applying to Louis Gallis, Esquimalt. oct9-3t

MISCELLANEOUS

DR. MARY MACNEIL has removed to 54 Pandora Avenue. oc21-3t

MONEY TO LOAN on Victoria real estate; repayable either in a straight sum or by easy monthly payments. Rents and interest collected; fire insurance solicited. A. W. More & Co., Mortgage Brokers, 70 Douglas street.

BROKEN BISCUITS—Plain and sweet; to be sold cheap. M. R. Smith & Co., Fort street. oc17—6t

SHOOTING FOR TURKEYS AND GEESE at Colwood Hotel, Oct. 31st. oc9-12t

WANTS.

WANTED—A furnished house by the first week in November. Address P. O. Box 657. oc21-3t.

WANTED—A second-hand bicycle; must be strong and cheap. Apply "West," this office. Oc19-3t

TENDERS for bringing to Victoria fifty tons of hay, more or less, from Boundary Bay. For further particulars apply to Wm. McDowell, 94 Superior street, James Bay. oc19-3t

WANTED—A general servant girl. Apply 80 Superior street. oc18-tf

WANTED—A first-class trousers maker; steady employment. Apply at once to Campbell & Co., merchant tailors, opposite the Driard. oc16-tf

WANTED -At No. 81 Johnson street, ladies' and gentlemen's cast-off clothing, boots and shoes. sep23-1m.

WANTED, Young Men and Women

or older ones if still young in spirit, of undoubted character, good talkers, ambitious and industrious, can find employment in a good cause, with $60.00 PER MONTH and upwards, according to ability. REV. T. S. LINSCOTT, Brantford, Can.

WANTED, SEVERAL MEN

of good character, who can furnish horse and light rig, $75 to $250 a month. Applicants write fully. THE BRADLEY GARRETSON CO., Ltd., Brantford, Ont.

JEWELERS, ETC.

WALTHAM WATCHES, $7.

In solid silver cases, guaranteed for five years.

S. A. STODDART,

The New Watchmaker and Jeweller, 68½ Yates Street.

Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c., New Main Spring, 75c.; Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25. And guarantees all work for 12 months. Practical experience of over 25 years.

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD

(Established 1867.)

Funeral Director and Embalmer

Government Street, Victoria.

MISCELLANEOUS

JOSEPH SEARS,

House and Sign Painter,

PAPER-HANGING, DECORATING, GLAZING ETC.

CORNER OF BLANCHARD & JOHNSON STS.

LAURIER AT MERRICKVILLE

The Liberal Leader is Warmly Welcomed to a Conservative Stronghold.

A Municipal Address—The Trade Policy Dealt With—Farmers and the N. P.

Brockville, Oct. 14.—The Liberal leader to-day invaded what has hitherto been regarded as a Conservative stronghold, and met with an ovation such as it is seldom the good fortune of a public man to receive. For over twenty years Dr. Ferguson has sat in parliament for North Leeds and Grenville, but, if to-day's demonstration means anything at all, it is that the days of the jovial doctor, politically speaking, are numbered, and that with him will go the policy that has so completely failed to fulfil its promise. To-day's demonstration, which took place in the centre of as fine an agricultural district as there is in Canada, gave clear and unmistakable evidence of the rising tide of popular feeling against the government which is common to the whole country. The meeting was wildly enthusiastic, and, though there were many men present who have hitherto voted for Dr. Ferguson and a restrictive policy, there was not one dissenting voice among the shouts of approbation with which the Liberal leader's declaration of policy was received. When Mr. Laurier, accompanied by Mr. John McMillan, M.P., Mr. Geo. W. Dawson, M.P., Mr. Frank T. Frost and Mr. Ales. Smith, reached Merrickville, shortly after noon, he found at the station a great crowd of people, who made him welcome in the heartiest manner. Cheers went up for him from a thousand throats and a party of young men with a student-like enthusiasm sang the chorus, "Laurier, Laurier, he's all right; 'rah, 'rah, 'rah."

On behalf of the municipality Reeve Kerr presented the leader with the following address:

"In the name of the citizens of Merrickville, we, the reeve and municipal council, welcome you within our gates. We do so, not in the name of politics, but because you are a co-citizen with us of a great country. The communities which head the population of our land are comprised of individuals cherishing independent views of the great questions affecting the interests of the nation, and consistent with those views they array themselves for the most part on one side or the other into two great parties; but we rejoice in the liberality of our people which always allows them to recognize in a man of your ability and position those virtues and motives which attach themselves to a true man. And so, sir, it is in expression of this feeling that we detain you at the threshold of our town, asking you to feel assured of the hearty welcome that our people have now accord you.

"(Signed) JOHN KERR, Reeve.

"Dated, Merrickville, Oct. 14, 1895."

A procession was formed, and it was big enough to have need for the music of four bands—the Odd Fellows, Citizens of Smith's Falls, the Kemptville and Merrickville bands. A feature of the procession was the presence in line of the pupils of the public school, who were marshalled by Miss Belle McCrea. They marched through the village to the agricultural hall, where the meeting was held. A large number of those present were U. E. Loyalists, who have always cherished Liberal principles, and who will be found on the side of good government and sound policy when the opportunity is given the people of expressing their views through the medium of the ballot. The crowd filled the hall and overflowed through the door. Many there were who struggled for admission to the building who were unable to get within hearing distance.

Among those on the platform were Messrs. G. F. McKinnon, J. Kerr, W. Nicholson, Dr. Muir, J. M. Clarke, A. Buchanan, Dr. Bell, Rev. T. Nixon, J. Cranston, A. J. Cummings, W. P. McCrae, P. K. McDonald, M. Dooher, J. Fulford, Sheriff Smart, John Lelleck, John Foster, John McCarthy, John McMillan, Thos. Edwards, M. N. Laughlin, John Boyd and Thos. Phillips.

INTRODUCTORY SPEECHES.

The chair was occupied by Mr. Herman McKay, president of the North Leeds and Grenville Liberal Association, who made a brief and seasonable introductory address.

Mr. Frost, the Smith's Falls manufacturer, who condemns the protective policy of the government and advocates a revenue tariff, spoke briefly, congratulating the people of Merrickville upon the proportions and quality of their demonstration in honor of the Liberal leader, and expressing the hope that the result of the meeting would be to convince the doubting ones.

Mr. George P. Graham, of the Merrickville Recorder, who, besides being an able editor, is an effective platform speaker, was the next gentleman to be invited to address the audience. He said that he was a Liberal because, after reading the history of his country, he could be nothing else. Mr. Graham referred to the leader as Sir Wilfrid, and he recalled the fact that he had been so styled a few days ago.

"And I protested," interpolated Mr. Laurier.

"Yes," continued Mr. Graham, "Mr. Laurier protested against any such titles; he does not want any such distinction, but he wants to be on a footing of equality with his fellow-men." He said that the Liberals were proud to follow Mr. Laurier because he was a man on whose character there was not a stain. Mr. Graham deplored the degeneracy of the Conservative leadership, from Sir John Macdonald to Sir Mackenzie Bowell was a long way. "Why," declared Mr. Graham, "the mantle of that illustrious statesman would make an overcoat for the entire cabinet and have room to spare. What Canada wanted" he concluded, "was men, and in the leader of the Liberal party they had one who was a man, every inch of him."

MR. GEO. W. DAWSON, M. P.

Mr. George W. Dawson, the member for Addington, who is conceded to be one of the most effective and convincing debaters on the opposition side of the house of commons, made an arraignment of the national policy that completely exposed the hollowness of the pretensions of its friends that it had redeemed its promises. But before entering upon a discussion of the trade question he paid a tribute to his leader that was re-echoed by the applause of the audience. "There was no man," he said, "who deserved better of the people of Canada than Mr. Laurier. In this country, made up of Protestants and Catholics, French and English, Scotch, Irish, German, Italian and all nationalities blended into one, we hail a man like Mr. Laurier, who stands always for equal rights to all men and special privileges to none, a man who has set his face against any attempt to band together any section of the people of this country against their fellowmen, because of their religious convictions. It is creditable to the people of Merrickville the way in which they have shown their appreciation of the gifted man who is to address you here to-day." Then Mr. Dawson took up the question of trade restriction, and showed how utterly it had failed to benefit the people, while it had positively injured the mass of toilers and consumers. He alluded to the fact that a Conservative newspaper had said that a tall chimney was better than talk and talk and talk. The government had not got the tall chimneys, but it had got men into the cabinet who could talk and talk and talk, but in all this talk there was no information that would help the Canadian people to solve the problem of life. It reminded him of the story of the colored man, who, while going through the woods, and being overtaken by a storm of rain and thunder and lightning, said, "Oh, Lord, if it's all the same, give us more light and less noise." Mr. Dawson took up the home market argument. He pointed out that while the farmers had been taxed to the utmost point of endurance to sustain the industries there was but one artisan in the country to every three farmers. While the agricultural community got no benefit but sustained positive injury, it was subjected to the extortion of the combines. He showed the desperate attempt that had been made by the census enumerators under the direction of the government to swell the return of Canada's industrial life. Mr. Dawson took up the last annual statements of the manufacturers, statements showing how closely their interests were associated with extreme protection. The statement that the association had prepared the brief upon which Mr. Foster, the finance minister, based his last so-called tariff revision, was brought to the attention of the audience, together with the declaration of the association pledging itself to support the government so long as it maintains the protective tariff and to contribute surplus funds to "spread the truth." The enormous increase in taxation both by the government and the combines was adverted to by Mr. Dawson. The swelling of the public debt to about $250,000,000 was commented upon by the speaker, who measured the debt in products of the farm. Its proportions thus converted were astonishing. He condemned the corruption of the government, which had resulted in so many disgraceful scandals. Mr. Dawson concluded a most telling speech by exposing the claim of loyalty advanced by the government in the face of the maintenance of a tariff that discriminates to the extent of three per cent against Great Britain and in favor of the United States.

THE ADDRESS.

When the Liberal leader rose to receive an address from the Liberal Association of North Leeds and Grenville there was a tremendous demonstration of enthusiasm. The crowd arose and cheered its loudest, the ladies waved their handkerchiefs and the men their hats. The address was read by Mr. G. R. Putnam, secretary of the association.

MR. LAURIER'S SPEECH.

Mr. Laurier was not permitted to proceed with his speech until the crowd had again demonstrated its admiration of and affection for the leader. He set out with an allusion to the splendid demonstration of which he had been the central figure. He was proud and gratified by it beyond measure. He knew that when he came to the old riding of North Leeds and Grenville he was coming, if he might say so, though he might in a sense be astray, among friends; but though he was coming amongst Conservatives, he was coming amongst fellow-citizens and brother Canadians. While it had not been his pleasure up to the present time to welcome to the house of commons the intellectual face of his friend Mr. Frost, it had been his pleasure to see the cheerful face of Dr. Ferguson. He thought Mr. Frost had erred when he said that the Liberals of Leeds and Grenville were in the minority. They had been in the minority, but it seemed to him that if this demonstration meant anything it was that the tide was turning and that a new day was dawning on North Leeds and Grenville. It seemed to him that it was not an extravagant hope to indulge in that when the next election came around it would be his pleasure to see a different spectacle, and that no longer he would see before him the cheerful countenance of Dr. Ferguson but the intellectual face of Mr. Frost. He was delighted beyond measure at the reception which had been given him. He had not expected that so many people would turn out in a town the size of Merrickville. He was pleased to see all who were present. Mr. Laurier's exposition of his view of the Manitoba school question was greeted with applause indicative of the approval of his audience. After reiterating his oft-expressed conviction that an investigation of the facts is essential to a settlement of the question, he said:—"The government may perhaps pass an act of parliament: they are powerful enough, but they will not solve the question in that way. The solution of the question will only come after all the facts have been placed before every elector, whether he be Protestant or Catholic, that he may pass judgment upon them. Who knows these things? Who is the elector, Protestant or Catholic, who is ready to pass judgment upon the facts? No one can do so, because the facts have never been fairly placed before the people up to the present time.

"There is not a man in this audience but who would be glad to see the Catholic schools restored by the legislature of Manitoba, but there is a repugnance to the Canadian parliament over-riding the legislature of Manitoba. That is what is in the bosom of every man in this audience. We all have our prejudices, we all have our passions and preferences. For my part I don't hesitate at all to tell you that, as a Roman Catholic, I have my own passions and prejudices, because I do not claim to be exempt from them. I am of human blood and flesh, like everybody else. Probably there are in my heart prejudices of which I may be unconscious, but whether conscious or unconscious, I am anxious for these privileges to be restored to the Roman Catholic minority in Manitoba, but I do not want to have it done except it be done upon a pass to which the people, Roman Catholics and Protestants, can agree. I want no religious strife in this country, but, thank heaven, I say this: We may be separated by blood, and we may be separated by creed, but we are all Christians. We acknowledge the law of Christ, and surely there is in the hearts of all of us enough of the Christian charity taught by Christ to allow every one of us to make for the regulation of this question a sacrifice upon the altar of his country of something of his own preferences. If that question had been approached in that spirit it would have been solved before this day. Mr. Laurier said that he did not think that the government could hope that Mr. Greenway would give way under compulsion, but he might give way under conciliation. He believed with all his heart that as soon as the government abandoned the national policy of coercion, threat and brag, and came down to speak like man to man, and appealed to the people of Manitoba on the broad grounds of our common Christianity, the people of that province would not only be just and fair, but generous, to the minority. This course he thought the people of Ontario would approve.

"Upon this question," Mr. Laurier said, "as upon every other question, while I belong to a church whose teachings are mine, let me tell you this: "I never shall approach this question, or any other, upon grounds which should appeal to one church, to one creed, or to one race only. I have the ambition to take my party into power, but if I am to take the Liberal party into power at Ottawa it shall not be by appealing to one creed or to one race or to one church, but it shall be by appealing to the intellect, to the heart, and to the intelligence of all creeds and all races. If I cannot succeed upon these grounds I shall be glad to remain to the end of my days in the cold shades of opposition. (Cheers.) I am a party man, but, above all things, I desire the grandeur and the welfare of this Canada of ours, and the country must be built up upon grounds upon which all Canadians, whatever may have been their origin, can unite. This is the policy upon which I stand, not only upon this question but upon all other questions."

Mr. Laurier entered upon a discussion of the trade question by recalling the promises laid down in the resolution moved by Sir John Macdonald in 1878, introducing the protective policy. Upon this policy he arraigned the government. We have had this policy for sixteen or seventeen years, he said, and, he asked, had one of its anticipations been realized? Had it developed the agricultural interest of the country, as its promoters promised that it should? Mr. Dawson had said that farm lands had decreased in value 25 per cent. in the province of Ontario. In the province of Quebec, he thought he could say, they had decreased in value 40 per cent. As long as farm products remained as low in price as they were now farming would not pay, and the value of farm lands would come down accordingly. In 1878 wheat was worth $1 a bushel. The friends of Sir John Macdonald said, give the power to him. He had in his hand the magic wand, and by simply striking the ground with it everyone would be happy and prosperous. Wheat would go up to $1.20 a bushel. One dollar a bushel was the Grit price of wheat, but if the farmers would give the Conservatives the power they would in return give them the Tory price of wheat. They (the farmers) were good enough to give them the power, and to-day they had the Tory price of wheat. (Cheers and laughter.) Would they not all be glad now to have the Grit price of wheat of 1878? The Tory price of wheat was 90 cents a bushel, perhaps. So it was with oats, butter, cheese, and all other farm products. They had decreased in price. In 1878, that great and good man, Alexander Mackenzie, would not stoop to the base policy of telling the people that he could, by legislation, increase the price of farm products. Mr. Mackenzie told them in 1878 that it was not only a mistake but a fallacy, and a wicked fallacy at that, to pretend that by a tariff the government could increase the price of cereals and farm products, and he gave the reason, which was that Canadians are exporters of farm products; that they produced more than they could consume, and that in a country that produced more than it could consume it was impossible to expect that a tariff would increase the price of such commodities. Sir Charles Tupper and other leaders of the Conservative party told the people that Mr. Mackenzie was simply a fly on the wheel, and that if the Conservatives had the power in their hands they would by legislation increase the price of farm products. Who was right and who was wrong? If it were possible by tariff to increase the price of farm products, this would be the time for the government at Ottawa to do it. They did not do it, and why? They had attempted it, and they had found out. It had been discovered that they could not do it. In 1882 or 1883 wheat went up to $1.40 a bushel, and everyone said: "This is the result of the National Policy." He remembered that in an election which took place not far from Kingston a Conservative member of parliament, Mr. Rufus Stephenson, who was a member of parliament no longer, but had gone to his reward—not to heaven above, but to a good fat government office—said: "I am going to vote for the government which has increased the price of wheat from $1 to $1.40 a bushel." If that appeal had been made in 1882 to his friends, the Conservatives of North Leeds and Grenville, they would have voted for the government, which had, in their estimation, increased the price of wheat from $1 to $1.40 a bushel. If they would have done that, then he might ask them, by a parity of reasoning, to vote against the government which had brought down the price of wheat from $1 to 60 cents a bushel.

No, he would not do that, because he stood there as an honest man, and he did not blame the government if to-day the price of wheat had gone down to 60 cents a bushel. If the price of all farm products had gone down accordingly, he did not lay the blame upon the government, but he did lay the blame upon the government for the fact that, while the price of farm products had been reduced, farmers had to pay an increased price for everything they had to buy. This was the argument which he had to make to the people. Mr. Mackenzie's doctrine of 1878 had been fully vindicated by events. The farmers of Canada had to take for their products the free trade prices of England, which was their market. England regulated the prices, and, while they had to take the free trade prices of that country for their products, they had to pay the protection prices of Canada for everything they had to buy, and that was the reason that farming did not pay. Let the prices of the commodities be brought down to the level of the prices that they received for their products and prosperity would be restored to the farmers of Canada. That was the policy and the aim which the Liberal party had in contemplation. They did not pretend to be able to increase the prices of farm products, but they did contend that by decreasing the tariff they could decrease the price of all the commodities which the farmers had to pay for with reduced prices of their wheat, cheese and butter. Mr. Laurier explained the operation of the tariff, which was so framed as to take from the people in taxes double the amount which went into the public treasury. He pointed out the extravagance of the government, which had increased the expenditure from twenty millions of dollars in the time of Mr. Mackenzie to thirty-eight millions of dollars at the present time. This led him into a discussion of the wasteful methods of the government, which were exemplified by the superannuation system, the franchise act, and the scandals which had so sadly tarnished the fair name of Canada. There was an outburst of applause when the leader resumed his seat.

In the evening a reception was given in the town hall, at which Mr. Laurier had the pleasure of making the acquaintance of a large number of people from Merrickville and surrounding country. He left on the night train for Smith's Falls, and will arrive in Brockville to-morrow. He will speak at Delta on Wednesday.

PHONOGRAPH FOR PARSON

The Edison Instrument Used to Perform a Burial Service.

Before the phonograph had become as well known as it now is, a humorist wrote a clever story based on the fact that clergymen would cease to exist for social factors, as there would be no further them. The pulpit duties would be performed by an appropriately dressed lay figure into whose diaphragm a phonograph cylinder containing the lessons and the sermons for the day had been fitted. The sound of the phonograph could be intensified so as to fill the largest building, and animation and suitable action could be imparted to the figure by an attachment which would actuate it automatically according to the rise and fall of the voice. The other branches of ministerial work were to be equally well provided for. Resonant and eloquent cylinders were to be had for all kinds of public, social and domestic functions, and even in the case of a christening, a marriage or a funeral, instead of sending for a clergyman, a phonograph would be telephoned for. The story was looked upon, of course, as decidedly far-fetched, and the writer intended it as a skit, not knowing that he had the gift of prophecy. A phonographic burial has actually been held at Coney Island, the much-frequented summer resort of New Yorkers. A nineteen month old infant, which had been exhibited in a tent on account of its abnormal size—it weighed ninety-two pounds—took pneumonia and died. When the funeral day came no clergyman could be found and the mother would not have the child buried except according to the rites of the church to which she belonged. The undertaker had a phonograph, for which as a professional curiosity he had the whole of the burial service spoken into a number of cylinders. The friends of the mother gathered at the undertaker's house and the service was reverently listened to. In due course the anthem was heard, sung by four well-blended voices, then the beautiful closing words of the service and the benediction, and the child was borne away to its last resting place.

—For a pain in the chest a piece of flannel dampened with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bound on over the seat of the pain, and another on the back between the shoulders, will afford prompt relief. This is especially valuable in cases where the pain is caused by a cold and there is a tendency to wind pneumonia. For sale by all druggists. Langley & Co., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

FOR PAPA.

Needs socks and the little one knows it. They are attractive garments she's holding up, but exactly such as we are carrying in our fall stock of furnishings. Our half hose, like the African race, won't lose their color and are A1 values. Papa can't put his feet into anything better at any price, and who would deny his feet a snug encasement? Say good-bye to summer and supply your wardrobe with the needful selections from our first-class stock at reasonable prices.

T. L. BROWNE & CO.

Gents' and Boys' Outfitters,

82 Douglas Street, Victoria, B. C.

A PLUGGED DOLLAR

Is as big around as a good dollar, but it won't pass. Same way with a Plugged Suit. Poor trimmings, poor workmanship, and antiquated styles give the suit and its wearer away every time and won't pass with well dressed gentlemen.

We don't make any of that kind here.

WE DO make proper Clothing at Popular Prices.

Our aim has always been—not to turn out cheap, sloppy garments blown together by unskilled labor—but to honestly build up the Best Garments in British Columbia for the least money. Nuff sed.

JOHN McCALLUM,
THE FASHIONABLE TAILOR,
Next to Times Building, 28 1-2 Broad St.

BEST ANTI-COMBINE COAL,

FROM SEATTLE,

For sale at J. E. PAINTER'S, 25 COMORANT STREET.

COAL! COAL

City Coal Depot.

The oldest Coal Yard in the city reopened, with the best quality of Seattle Coal on hand. Present Office, Store St., opposite Telegraph Hotel.

W. WALKER.

SEQUAH'S REMEDIES

Can be Obtained from your Chemist

Take no Substitute.

Don't forget, these Remedies have been

Publicly Tested

and proved to be superior to any other.

Sold by all Chemists and direct from Langley & Co.

AUCTION SALES.

H. Cuthbert & Co.

Real Estate, Furniture, Farm Stock and

GENERAL AUCTIONEERS.

Specialties—Furniture and Real Estate Sales. Cattle Auction Twice a Month.

Seven years' experience in some of the largest cities in England, amongst the best auctioneers in the world. Four years' experience here in Victoria, with a thorough practical knowledge of every branch of the business and of the values of every description of merchandise.

MONEY LOANED

on every class of chattels consigned for sale. We advise our clients, in their own interests, to sell their goods at auction, as they get the full market price; but when an auction is not desired

WE BUY FURNISHED HOUSES FOR CASH,

or any bankrupt stock to any amount, at a moment's notice. We give the same personal attention to small sales that we do to large auctions. We endeavor always to be courteous to those attending our sales and to study their convenience. We make settlements same day, if desired. Our premises are the best appointed, most central and convenient in the city, and have been specially adapted to their present purposes by ourselves at a large expense. Have you any auction or confidential business? Come and see us. We handled nearly $100,000 OF OUR CLIENTS' MONEY IN 1894—that is the test. Terms the same as any other auctioneer of standing.

HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO.,
Auctioneers Adroit of the Times.

MUNICIPAL.

$10 REWARD.

The above mentioned reward is hereby offered for such information as will lead to the conviction of any person or persons breaking the glass of the window of any unoccupied house or other, in the City of Victoria, or damaging in any way any portion thereof, or of the premises appertaining thereto, or removing therefrom any article belonging to the said premises, or defacing, injuring or destroying any street sign or other property belonging to the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

Victoria, B.C., March 20th, 1895.

$25.00 REWARD.

The above reward is hereby offered for such information as shall lead to the arrest and conviction of any person or persons tampering or interfering in any way with any manhole, ventilator, flush tank, or other part of the sewerage system of the City of Victoria, or causing any impediment or obstruction to the proper and effective operation of any portion of the said system, except when acting under instructions from the City Engineer or Sanitary Officer.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

Victoria, B.C., August 1st, 1895.

NOTICE

Cormorant street, between Douglas and Blanchard, is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

City Hall, Oct. 15th, 1895.

NOTICE

Belleville Street, between McClure Street and Birdcage Walk, is closed to Public Traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

au5

NOTICE

Birdcage Walk, between Superior and Michigan Streets, is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

oct2

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE

All persons having claims against the estate of the late Samuel Ricketts, are requested to send particulars thereof to Robert Porter or Thomas Shotbolt on or before November 1st, 1895, and all persons indebted to the said deceased are requested to pay such indebtedness to us forthwith.

ROBERT PORTER,
THOMAS SHOTBOLT,
Executors.

oct10-td

Notice of Assignment.

Notice is hereby given that William Joseph Jeffree, of the City of Victoria, in the province of British Columbia, cashier, has by deed dated the 26th day of September, 1895, assigned all his personal estate, credits and effects which may be seized and sold under execution, and all his real estate, to George Chester Shaw, of the city of Victoria aforesaid, commission merchant, in trust for the benefit of all the creditors of the said William Joseph Jeffree.

The said deed was executed by the said William Joseph Jeffree and George Chester Shaw on the 26th day of September, A. D. 1895.

All creditors are requested to send full particulars of their claims to the trustee on or before the first day of November, 1895.

Dated the 28th day of September, 1895.

H. G. HALL,
Solicitor for the Trustee.

sept26-4m

OCTOBER.

S.	M.	T.	W.	T.	F.	S.
—	—	1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31	—	—

JOSHUA DAVIES
AUCTIONEER,
Room 7, - Board of Trade Building.

THE DAILY TIMES
Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the
Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited
At No. 26 Broad Street, Victoria, B.C.

THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,
WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager

THE TIMES FOR SALE
At the following places in the City:
Sampson's Bookstore,
Corner Douglas and Johnson streets.
Campbell's Cigar Store,
Corner Yates and Government sts.
P. O. Cigar Store,
Corner Courtney and Government sts.
Braund & Co.,
No. 32 Government street.
Jamieson,
Next to Post Office.

THE TIMES may be procured at above stores until a late hour each evening.

The Daily Times.

THE PRUDENT MINISTERS.

"The appointment of customs collector at Montreal was under the consideration of the cabinet to-day, and it was decided to let the matter stand. It is likely, therefore, that Mr. Robert White will have to wait until parliament is dissolved before he receives the position." This is the announcement conveyed in the Colonist's Ottawa dispatches this morning. The prudence displayed by the ministers is commendable from the partisan point of view, for Cardwell, the county now represented by Mr. White, would surely be lost to the government if he were appointed to office now. Then the ministers very probably argued that since the Montreal collectorship has been kept vacant for Mr. White for nearly three years because they feared a contest in Cardwell no great harm could result from leaving it vacant a few months longer. The fact that Montreal business men have been protesting more and more loudly against this cavalier treatment of an important office is a mere trifle not to be seriously considered by men who so thoroughly appreciate the importance of party interests as compared with public interests. Further, though the ministers' course leaves them open to the charge of cowardice, they are probably hardened to that charge, since the whole career of the Bowell government has been a continuous record of cowardly evasions and subterfuges.

"FRIENDS" OF THE FARMER.

The government papers have not jubilated freely over the treaty of commerce between Canada and New Zealand, the draft of which was arranged by Premier Bowell and Minister Foster for this country and Treasurer Ward for the sister colony, on the occasion of the latter's recent visit to Ottawa. Perhaps the organs' reticence is dictated by a feeling that this proposed New Zealand treaty, like that concluded with France, is hard to praise from a protectionist point of view. The free trader is ready to welcome outside trade extension, but when a person is in the habit of preaching the exclusion of outside products he may be forgiven if he balks at the task of belauding an arrangement which runs exactly counter to this doctrine. The British Columbia protectionists are in a peculiarly difficult position in this respect. They are constantly representing to the British Columbia farmers that the present Ottawa rulers are their particular friends because of the protection afforded by the N. P., so it would be a rather severe wrench, even to their accommodating dispositions, to turn around and tell the farmers that protection is not so good a thing as they have represented. That is practically what they would do if they extended any cordial approval to the "memorandum respecting improved comercial relations and reciprocal tariff regulations, as agreed upon in conference, held informally in Ottawa, 10th June, 1895, between Sir Mackenzie Bowell, premier, etc., and the Hon. George E. Foster, finance minister, etc., as representing Canadian interests, and the Hon. J. G. Ward, treasurer, postmaster-general, etc., representing New Zealand interests—subject to the approval of the governments and legislatures of Canada and New Zealand respectively." The draft, as signed by the parties mentioned, provides:—

The following named articles, when the produce of New Zealand and imported therefrom direct into Canada, and when the produce and manufacture of Canada and imported direct therefrom into New Zealand, to be admitted in both cases free of customs duties, viz.:—

1. Animals (live) excepting hogs.
2. Frozen or fresh meats.
3. Bacon and hams.
4. Fish.
5. Hides.
6. Milk (condensed or preserved.)
7. Wool, and manufactures composed wholly or in part thereof—viz., blankets, flannels, tweeds and rugs.
8. Flax (Phormium).
9. Barley.
10. Oats.
11. Wheat and wheat flour.
12. Seeds.
13. Coal.
14. Kerosene oil (petroleum).
15. Safes.
16. Organs and pianofortes.
17. Tallow.
18. Lumber and timber, planks, boards, and dimension stuffs, rough or manufactured, including doors, sashes and blinds.
19. Binder twine.

The following articles, when imported under like conditions and in like manner to receive in both countries preferential tariff treatment as follows, viz.:—

(1) Agricultural implements, including also axes, hatchets, scythes, forks, rakes, hoes, shovels, and spades, if made dutiable under New Zealand general tariff, to be free.

(2) Twine of all kinds, ropes and cordage, a rate equal to 2½ per cent. ad valorem less than the general tariff rates current at date of importation.

(3) Leather, a rate equal to 10 per cent. off the rate current at date of importation.

(4) Boots and shoes, harness and saddlery, at 17½ per cent., ad valorem, or, in case the general tariff rate in both countries be 25 per cent., the preferential rate to be 20 per cent.

(5) Furniture at 20 per cent., ad valorem.

The farmers of this province will not be slow to perceive that in this agreement there is not a single provision that can inure to their advantage, for it cannot open the New Zealand door to anything they have to sell. On the other hand, practically all the competition for which the treaty provides is competition against their agricultural products, animals, meats, grain, etc. This is proposed, be it remembered, by the men who are held up as their special friends. The farmers will no doubt be fully able to judge the sincerity of the gentlemen who approach them with the palaver of protection and at the same time are arranging for them the strongest kind of competition.

Dr. Bell, of the geological survey, is reported to have discovered a large river, hitherto unknown to white men, flowing into James Bay through the northern part of Quebec province. This river, Dr. Bell is reported as saying, is "the sixth of the great rivers of the world, five of which are to be found in Canada." We do not believe Dr. Bell would speak so inaccurately, for he must know that Canada does not possess five out of the six greatest rivers of the world.

Canadian cattle are prevented from reaching inland markets in Britain alive by periodical discoveries of pleuro-pneumonia among cargoes of them, though the disease is unknown in Canada. Lately a prominent British agricultural journal "discovered" that Canadian cheese sent to the British market was adulterated with oleomargarine and other choice ingredients. Now it turns out that this business of making spurious cheese is to be laid at the doors of certain Scottish factories and that nothing of the kind ever went over from Canada. The latest discovery is that British Columbia salmon when landed in London becomes "bull trout," a revelation for which we are indebted to the fishmongers' association. Crossing the Atlantic seems to have a curious transforming effect on Canadian products.

The Nelson Miner, which is friendly to the provincial government, says: "We were considerably surprised to see the name of Hon. Forbes G. Vernon among the directors of the Lillooet, Fraser River & Cariboo Gold Fields Company. Mr. Vernon is the agent-general for British Columbia and as such occupies a very delicate position in regard to companies raised in England to operate in this province. On the one hand it is his duty to encourage the investment of money here as much as lays in his power, while on the other hand it is most distinctly not his business to boom any particular company, nor even any particular place. In allowing his name to thus figure on the prospectus of a mining company which is most suspiciously regarded on this side and which is at the best a pure speculation, we venture to say that he is abusing his position in a way which will render a change very desirable. We are unfortunately not in possession of a copy of a Directory of Directors, but we think we are correct in saying that the name of no agent-general will be found on the list of directors of any public company. If this is the way British Columbia is going to enter the London market the sooner it is stopped the better. We beg to call the attention of the government to the very grave bar which their London representative has placed on his own usefulness."

—We know whereof we affirm when we state that Ayer's Pills, taken promptly, at the first symptoms of colds and fevers, arrest further progress of these disorders, and speedily restore the stomach, liver and bowels, to their normal and regular action.

When Stormy Winds Do Blow.

It seems strange perhaps, but it is true that the first cold autumn days seem to raise more gorse flesh and be more productive of serious colds than the severe frosts of winter when the system seems used to the cold. It is the miserable winds which one feels worst, and it is a good thing to know that a layer of Fibre Chamois in the body and sleeves of a person's coat or wrap will actually keep the wind entirely out, no matter how raw or damp it may be. This is the surest and simplest way of keeping comfortably warm in any weather and of avoiding the coughs and colds so easily caught.

Until Saturday, the 26th inst.,
Our Establishment will be CLOSED
To allow the work of rearranging our entire stock in preparation for a
Great Mortgage Sale
Which will be conducted in order to satisfy a bill of sale held by the Bank of B. C. the whole of our Immense Stock will be disposed regardless of cost.
Wait For the Grand Re-Opening.
Sehl-Hastie-Erskine Furniture Co., Ltd., W. E. McCormick, Manager.

Vancouver Letter.

Vancouver, Oct. 21.—With even more than its usual show of insincerity, the News-Advertiser has attacked in a long editorial article the views expressed in this correspondence regarding the propriety of allowing Deadman's Island to be used for the purpose of a marine railway. "Probably, however," says the paper mentioned, "the management of our Victoria contemporary has not noticed the use that is being made of its columns to 'boom' a project which is directly at variance with the policy that the Times has always advocated—the abandonment of the pernicious system of giving away the public domain for the benefit of speculators." The impertinence of the reference to the Times' management in the sentence quoted may be allowed to pass as characteristic of the paper guilty of it; but the untruth that the sentence contains must be noticed. There is no proposal to give Deadman's Island away to "speculators." The grant is made for the specific purpose of the erection of a marine railway on the island, which is so small in area that there is not more space than will be needed for the accommodation of the enterprise. It is apparent, therefore, that any idea of land speculation in this matter is quite nonsensical. The Times, according to your correspondent's reading, has always been favorable to the disposal of provincial lands to people who want to make use of it, either for agriculture or for any other industrial enterprise. The News-Advertiser, also, has always advocated this course,—indeed it has made a hobby of it,—and nothing but the blindness of a fury occasioned by a failure to achieve personal advantage for itself (or its friends, which amounts to the same thing) could have intervened to permit that paper to make the pitiful exhibition of itself which it does in this matter. In the course of the article now in question, the News-Advertiser speaks of the enterprise and its promoters as the "audacious scheme" of a set of "speculators" who are "not practical or shrewd business men," and a few sentences further on complains that it has been kept in ignorance of who the men are! Could there be anything more ridiculous? But the paper, with the most apparent insincerity, concludes by basing all its opposition to the enterprise on the ground that it would alienate from the city a piece of ground valuable for park purposes. Stanley Park, to which Deadman's Island is adjacent, is so large that in fifty years, it is safe to say, not half of it will be utilized for park purposes, and if the city were twenty times as large as it is now, there would still be ample room for the recreations of the people. Your correspondent has spoken to numbers of the best citizens of Vancouver regarding this matter, and not one of them has anything else but a laugh of derision to offer as his comment on the position assumed by the News-Advertiser, whose insincerity, as has been said, is apparent to everybody.

The Liberal Association of Vancouver, it is learned, is shortly to hold a meeting for the purpose of inaugurating the preparatory work for the coming election. In this connection, the view is expressed that something should be done in the way of organizing a provincial organization. If there is to be any harmony of action between the various constituencies in the conduct of the election, this step is absolutely necessary. It would not be difficult to get together a convention of representative Liberals from every riding in the province, and with the organization made on general lines, the party would undoubtedly be greatly strengthened in the coming fight.

The Nationalist party of this city held its first meeting in its new quarters in the old free library hall last Friday night. This party is extreme radical. It goes in for land nationalization, woman's suffrage, the initiative and refecendum, absence of property qualification for municipal representation and others of the more advanced political ideas. The association is indeed socialist. The meeting last Friday night was well attended, the hall being completely filled principally by workingmen, amongst them being a sprinkling of ladies. The speaking was spirited and the enthusiasm of the audience was always manifest. Mr. Macpherson, M. P.P., opened the debate with a capital paper dealing in a general way with the objects of the association. The meetings are to be held weekly during the winter, and a feature hereafter is to be the introduction of vocal and instrumental music.

The Women's Christian Temperance Union of this city, your correspondent is informed, has decided to adopt, in connection with the institution of the proposed Women's Home here, practically the suggestions thrown out in this correspondence some time ago. It is agreed that anything having the flavor of a charity would be fatal to the institution, and to place it on a distinctly business footing is now the effort to be made. Assuredly the joint stock idea is the best one, because it will limit the liability, and at the same time enable the promoters to appeal to the public for subscriptions of stock in a far stronger and more self-confident and self-reliant way than could be done in an appeal for a subscription of funds for simply benevolent or charitable purposes. Every one will wish the ladies success in their enterprise, for the institution should serve a most useful purpose here.

EDUCATIONAL WORK.

What the Y. M. C. A. is Accomplishing for the Young Men.

The policy of the Young Men's Christian Association is preventive (yet never losing sight of rescue); it opens its doors seven days in the week and assiduously pursues during that time a definite work for young men. Recognizing the four-sided nature of young men, moral, mental, physical and social, the association approaches him on all four sides; the moral through the religious work, the mental by means of reading room, library, lectures, debating clubs, and educational classes, the physical is developed in athletic sports, gymnasium, etc., while the social is met by the general social intercourse between members at the rooms and specifically through the social receptions.

The department which is receiving the most attention at the present time is the educational. For many years past the association has made some pretentions to educational development, but it has been left to the last two or three years for the association to work up to the fact of the magnificent field open to them in their work for young men in the educational department. A few statistics will show the necessity for work in this line. Of the average 100 young men only five are fully equipped and prepared for their work—67 per cent. of our boys leave school before they are properly prepared. Facilities for industrial training are very small, only one man in every 2,000 is properly prepared, while in France and Germany the proportion is 1 to every 213. Manual training is one of the comparatively new features of the Y. M. C. A. educational work. It was begun two years ago, and is now pursued by more than a score of associations.

The International Committee, whose headquarters is at New York, has sent out to this coast their secretary of the educational department, Mr. George B. Hodge, who will visit the Victoria association next Monday. He brings with him a large collection of specimens, which he has collected from the educational and manual training classes of the associations of the East. These will be on exhibition at the Y. M. C. A. rooms on Monday from 2 p.m. It is earnestly desired that the professional and business men and all who are interested in education (including the ladies), will call and inspect the samples during the afternoon. From 5:30 to 7 p.m. the Women's Auxiliary will serve a "sea supper." At eight o'clock there will be a public meeting. The chair will be taken by Hon. Col. Baker, minister of education. Addresses will be given by Mr. George B. Hodge and others. No charges, except to the support.—Com.

—BEAVER tobacco, the old reliable gentleman's chew, can now be had in thin plugs. Refuse cheap imitations.

—Keep your eye on the space reserved for Gilmore & McCandless!

THIS IS OUR WEEK
—FOR—
Bargains
—IN—
VIOLINS
Our Windows will Display Prices.
Violins from $1.50 upwards.
WAITT & CO.,
64 Government Street.

A Terrible Fall
.....is certainly bad enough, but the .....fall that is near us brings wet, ...and wet feet is the worst kind .....of wet. But try a pair of
Dick's Old Country Waterproof Boots,
.....which will give you dry feet all .....winter.
Old Country Boot and Shoe Store,
91 Johnson Street,
Bet. Broad and Douglas.

Clearance Sale
(By order of Mortgagees)
At 77 Coverment Street,
TO-MORROW, Wednesday
We will make a BIG RUSH of
BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S SUITS.
Prices from $1.50 to $5.50.
PRICES NEARLY CUT IN HALF.
These are first-class Suits and not Rubbish to sell cheap.
FOR CASH ONLY.
Remember the Address,
W. J. JEFFREE, 77 Government Street

"An Ounce of Prevention is Worth a Pound of Cure."
Nothing saps the life out of human beings faster than colds, a fruitful source of which is wet and cold feet. Protect the lives of yourselves and your families by securing good, comfortable water and weather proof Boots. We have them in a line of Cork Soled Boots, very neat and yet combining all the qualities necessary to protect one from the wet. Made up for both Ladies and Gentlemen. See them.
Leggings and Spats
In the newest shapes and shades, probably the best variety we have ever handled, for both Ladies and Gentlemen. Can we sell to you?
A. B. ERSKINE, CORNER GOVERNMENT AND JOHNSON STREETS.

Raw Winds, Fog and Rain
Are after us at this season of the year, and we need to pay especial care to our health at this time.
The Best Safeguard
Is one of our
Fine Heating Stoves.
We have a large line of the best. All shapes, styles and prices.
PERRY & TURNER,
42 Johnson Street

A Novel Method of Administering Castor Oil

Soluble Elastic Capsules render its administration a pleasure. Small, medium and large sizes.

At Bowes' Prescription Drug Store,
100 Government Street,
Next door Hall & Goepel's office. Telephone 425.

LOCAL NEWS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Coal hods at Cheapside. *

—The Miowera sailed from Sydney for Victoria yesterday.

—Steamer City of Topeka sails this evening for Alaska.

—Lamps, Lamps, Lamps, at away down prices; making room for new goods. Weiler Bros. *

—A chart showing the measurements of Corbett and Fitzsimmons is to be seen at the Grotto, Trounce Alley.

—Messrs. Mathieson, Ryan and McConnell yesterday purchased the schooner Venture from the Urquhart estate.

—The steamer Yosemite did not arrive from New Westminster until this morning, having been delayed by the fog. The other regular steamers arrived and departed on time.

—The Epworth League of the Metropolitan Methodist church will this evening give a reception to the members of the Y. M. C. A. at the rooms of the Association. Members of both organizations are invited to attend.

—Henry Walsh, alias John Kelly, was convicted in police court this morning of an infraction of the act concerning the supplying of liquor to Indians. The magistrate ordered him to pay a fine of $50 or go to jail for a month with hard labor.

—The sealing schooners South Bend, Captain Dillon, and Fawn, Captain Keefe, arrived from the sealing grounds yesterday. The South Bend has a catch of 148 for the sea and the Fawn 776, making her total 1024. Both report uneventful trips.

—The Northern Pacific liner Victoria, Captain Panton, will sail for the Orient on Saturday next. All of her saloon space is already booked, principally, it is said, by a party of eastern missionaries on their way to the Orient. The amount of cargo will also be large.

—Last evening the officers and members of Court Robin Hood, A. O. F., paid a fraternal visit to Court Vancouver. After the disposal of business there was a social, at which the visitors were hospitably entertained. On Thursday evening Court Vancouver visits Court Northern Light.

—A meeting of the Natural History Society was held last evening in the legislative library. Rev. Canon Beanlands read a paper, presenting a theory on the absence of blue eyes and light hair in the native American races. Mr. Hastings presented the society with a collection of photographs of Indian subjects, taken by himself, and the president reported the discovery of a new species of fish.

—Those farm lands in East Saanich that were so heavily flooded by the sea last winter, during the high tide, which broke the dyke, are not likely to suffer this year. A substantial dyke has been constructed near the Indian reservation, forming a good protection to the lands behind, while the various drains and sluice gates have been overhauled and renovated, so that the lands are amply provided with flood preventatives. Last winter there were as many as four feet of water in these fields.

—Minister of Education Baker, Supt. Pope and Inspector Burns visited the Collegiate Institute and Girls' Central school yesterday afternoon. During the course of his remarks Col. Baker announced that the medals presented by His Excellency the Governor-General had been received. He took the opportunity of again complimenting the young ladies on their success. He said the medals would not be presented at once, as the Countess of Aberdeen would be here shortly and he felt sure that she would be pleased to perform that ceremony. The medallists are: High School —1894, Miss Edith Shrapnell; 1895 Miss Francis Brown. Girls' school—1894, Miss Dorothy Allison; 1895, Miss Flora Rolfe.

—George Garland virtually entered a plea of guilty to the charge of theft in police court this morning. The circumstances under which he stole the earrings and locket of Kitty Gibson, sometimes known as Kitty Kelly, were, however, gone into. Garland managed to get the jewelry without its absence being detected, and after securing it presented it to another fair lady, Miss May Williams, of Chatham street. It was through the latter instance that the theft was discovered. The locket was not recovered and it is quite probable that had it turned up there would have been no complaint made to the police. The Gibson woman valued it very highly, as it contained the pictures of her parents. Magistrate Macrae convicted young Garland, who has already done one short term, and will pass sentence on him to-morrow.

—China tea sets at Cheapside. *

—Watch for the advertisement of Gilmore & McCandless to-morrow. *

—Pure linen typewriter paper, first class quality for sale at Johnston's, Douglas street. *

—The steamer Delta left for the Fraser river this afternoon. Mr. T. E. Ladner, her owner, went up on her.

—All members and friends of the Y. M. C. A. are invited to attend the members' reception at the Association rooms to-night.

—The ship Thomas Stephens was towed from Esquimalt to Tacoma yesterday by the tug Pioneer. She loads grain at Tacoma for the United Kingdom.

—An era of cheapness is setting in. Rattray and Hall are advertising genuine Wellington screened coal at $6 per ton, delivered to any part of the city.

—A large audience attended the Victoria Theatre last evening when Lincoln J. Carter's "Fast Mail" was presented. As usual, the play was appreciated, the scenic effects being very good.

—A slight settling of the track on the Victoria & Sidney railway near the water works switch, caused two wheels of the tender to go off the track last evening. There was only a short delay.

—Victoria Council, No. 1, R. T. of T., holds its meeting this evening in Sir William Wallace Hall, Broad street. All Royal Templars in the city are requested to be present on account of important business to be transacted this evening.

—Rachel Sheppard, daughter of Chief Sheppard, who had her arm fractured by a fall on Saturday, was doing very well and resting easy this morning. The fracture was reduced yesterday by Dr. John Lang, and the child is virtually out of pain now.

—On Thursday evening next there will be an exhibition at St. Luke's hall, Cedar Hill, of a fine collection of waxworks, when Mrs. Jarley will be present herself to personally explain to the audience the history of each figure. The exhibition will commence at 8 o'clock.

—The following passengers for Victoria on the steamer Umatilla, sailed this morning: A. Nelson, T. Howie, C. S. Osborne and wife, E. B. Wolff, James Scobie, R. Cann, Joe Morrell, R. Sandow, D. Zehner, G. Quarento, E. L. Yale, H. Taylor, A. Sieger, Mrs. Braddich, Rose Braddich, Ralph Braddich, W. Lynch.

—The Single Tax club will hold their regular weekly meeting to-morrow evening at the Temperance Hall, Pandora street. A lecture on "The Land Question" by William Berridge is the principal feature announced. Dr. Ernest Hall, Alderman Macmillan and others are also expected to address the meeting. Some vocal and instrumental music is included in the programme and a pleasant and interesting evening is anticipated.

—Alex. Olsen called at police headquarters to-day, and swore to an information charging Yens Perxter with assault. They had an altercation on Store street a month ago, and it is alleged that Perxter pushed Olsen off the sidewalk and that the fall broke his shoulder blade. The reason given for the slowness of swearing to the information is that Olsen has been laid up in the hospital ever since.

—Mr. D. Carmody, who has just returned from Phoenix, Arizona, where he took Mrs. Carmody for the benefit of her health, had the misfortune to lose by death while there his 11 months' old baby. The child took a fever while en route, and despite every care died the day after the journey was completed. Mr. Carmody speaks very highly of the climate of Arizona and the progress Arizona, which is just being developed, is making. Phoenix and Los Angeles are the two most prosperous cities he saw.

—C. M. Johnson, a prospector and miner who spent sixteen years in Kamloops and has also been through the Alaska mining region, is back from a short trip to Alberni. He was ill for several days, and consequently could not cover much territory, but he was well pleased with what he did see and thinks Alberni has bright prospects. He reached the head waters of China Creek before being taken ill. As soon as his health permits he will make another trip to the district. W. J. Turner also returned to-day from Alberni.

—The revenue tax cases of W. Nesbit and E. Rembose, in which Lindley Crease raised a number of law points attacking the legality of the act, were on in police court again this morning. The informations were dismissed by Magistrate Macrae, not on any of the points as to law raised by the defense but because it was not shown that Collector Carter had never demanded the tax from either of the gentlemen. After the hearing both paid their taxes, and it is presumed that nothing further will be heard of the cases. There is, however, a nearly general feeling among sealers that the points raised by Mr. Crease should be tested before the supreme court.

—The Duke wheel taken from the Up-to-date cyclery by Mr. E. Devere has been found. It was sold at the store of A. A. Aaronson an hour after it was hired, and it is presumed that Mr. Devere left that night on the City of Kingston. The theft of the wheel was part of a well laid plan, and suspicion was diverted in a peculiar way. Devere called at Aaronson's early in the afternoon on Friday and said he was going to bring a wheel in to pawn. He then hired the wheel, and brought it around as promised. He was anxious to secure funds and got $15 on the wheel. The publication of the story of the theft in the Times led to the discovery by Mr. Aaronson of the character of his customer.

The body must be well nourished now, to prevent sickness. If your appetite is poor take Hood's Sarsaparilla.

—To correct any phase of indigestion and build up the system use Adams' Tutti Frutti. Take no imitations.

MR. DRAKE IS REGISTRAR.

It Is Stated That He Has Been Appointed.

The official announcement of the appointment of Mr. R. H. T. Drake, as registrar of the Supreme court at Victoria, it is understood will be made in the Official Gazette on Thursday evening. It was stated to-day that the order-in-council had already been passed and that Mr. Drake would take charge of the office immediately, the Supreme court vacation ending to-morrow.

THE CHILCAT FLOATED.

Alaska Freight Steamer Floated and on Her Way to the Sound.

The steamer Willapa arrived at Seattle yesterday from Alaska, having had an uneventful trip. Captain George Roberts came over from the Sound this morning. He reports that the steamer Chilcat, of Seattle, which went ashore in Tongas Narrows, Alaska, on September 28th, had been floated. She was being repaired, and it was expected that she would start on her trip south in a few days. When she ran ashore the Chilcat was on her way to Victoria for a load of salmon for Robert Ward & Company, Limited. She was partly submerged and her cargo had to be landed on the beach.

DROPPED INTO OBSCURITY.

The Cape Mudge Woman Mystery May Never be Unravelled.

The inquiry into the cause which led to the death of Sally, the Cape Mudge Indian woman, resulted in an open verdict. There was nothing tangible brought before the jury, which, under Coroner Crompton, held two long sittings, and there was nothing else for the jury to do. All of the necessary witnesses, some of whom were for a time really suspects, have been discharged from the custody of the city police, and it begins to look as if the case will be gradually dropped and go into police annals as a mystery. When the Times went to press yesterday afternoon Joseph Ladelle was on the witness stand. He maintained stoutly that he had simply passed Sally on Saturday night at 9 o'clock, bidding her a greeting as she stood on the steps of her cabin on Herald street, and that he had remained at the house of Birdie Kazar from 9:30 o'clock until long after midnight. He was followed on the stand by Jackson Seaweed, a Cape Mudge half-breed, who swore that he saw Ladelle and Sally together on Store street shortly after 11 o'clock that night. He was quite positive about it, and stuck to his story. The police, too, are inclined to believe him. They went to the Kazar woman last night, but it was after Ladelle had seen her and she out Heroded Mr. Herod. She was positive that Ladelle had been in her house from 8:30 o'clock that evening until long after midnight.

Charley and Lambeck were also released. There was absolutely no reason for holding the latter, but it would prove gratifying to the police to know why Charley swore he remained in bed until 11 o'clock Friday morning when, as a matter of fact, he was out early in the morning of that day.

—A real operatic treat is in store for those theatregoers who will have the good fortune to see Pauline Hall and her admirable company in "Dorcas" at the Victoria theatre on Monday and Tuesday evenings, Oct. 28th and 29th. This bright work is from the pens of Harry and Edward Paulton, authors of "Erminie" and other successes. There is an attraction in this fact that cannot fail to make "Dorcas" popular. The music is said to be charming. Its beauty is not confined alone to the waltz movements, but througout it is superior and has much more of character than is common to ordinary comic opera. Miss Hall's support is of superior excellence, embracing Jeanette St. Henry, Eva Davenport, Drew Donaldson, Mabel Irvine, Edgar Temple Saylor, Hugh Chilvers, Charles Bradshaw, Charles Meyer, Neil O'Brien, Charles Earle, James Grant and others. The music will be under the leadership of the famous English composer, Mr. W. Hydes. The sale of seats opens on Thursday morning at 9 o'clock at Jamieson's.

—Hudson Bagley, a ship carpenter, was arrested this afternoon by Constable Carroll and charged with having a bottle of liquor in his possession while on the Indian reserve. Bagley made frequent trips to the reserve, but the respectable manner in which he was dressed threw off any suspicion. Yesterday the officer was informed that Bagley was in the habit of supplying liquor to Indians, and upon searching him to-day found a bottle of the vilest kind of liquor.

—A meeting of the members of the local lodges, K. of P., and their lady friends, will be held on Wednesday evening, Oct. 30th, for the purpose of organizing a temple of the Rathbone Sisters. The wives, sisters, widows and daughters of knights are eligible for membership.

—The ladies of the R. C. Cathedral have been busy to-day arranging for their annual bazaar to be held in Institute hall to-morrow. Lunch will be served at noon and supper at six. In the evening there will be an entertainment, a feature of which will be a cutlass drill by sixteen young ladies.

—Victoria will send a strong team to Seattle on November 15th to compete with the firemen of the northwest cities, in the four-man team tug-of-war contest for the handsome cup offered by the proprietors of the Post-Intelligencer. The cup has to be won twice in succession to become the property of any one team.

—In the provincial police court this afternoon Magistrate Macrae dismissed the charge of assault laid against Capt. Sears, of the steamer R. P. Rithet, by James McArthur, late chief engineer of the steamer. In the opinion of the court the charge should have never been laid.

—The case against the man Douglas, charged with stealing a quantity of powder, etc., was dismissed by Magistrate Macrae in the provincial court this afternoon.

—New line of pocket cutlery just opened at Fox's, 78 Government street. Shaving outfits a specialty, guaranteed.*

$8. BEST CABINETS $8.

$1. MANTELLOS $1.

JONES, Photographer,
39 1-2 GOVERNMENT ST

AN ORIENTAL CORRESPONDENT.

R. Van Bergen Here From Japan Organizing a Newspaper Syndicate.

R. Van Bergen, the well known Oriental correspondent and writer, was among the arrivals by the steamship Victoria of the Northern Pacific line. He proceeded to Tacoma from here after a short stay, and will go east and then to California. Mr. Van Bergen is in America for the purpose of completing the organization of a big syndicate of newspapers for which he will write a series of letters on news and current topics. He has resided in Japan for many years, and has just completed a tour of Corea and plans others for Formosa and Borneo. He has studied eastern affairs with the interest of a student, and has a conception and grasp of them only equalled by few men. He is a firm believer in ultimate war between Japan and Russia. He places great importance in the mobilization of 100,000 troops at Vladivostock and the preparations for war by Japan in the very infancy of a new era of peace. In the event of war Mr. Van Bergen will again follow the Japanese army to the field of action, as he did in the recent trouble.

The Times has arranged for a series of the correspondent's letters and the first will appear at an early date. There is a world wide interest being taken in the east at present, and the readers of the Times will doubtless appreciate the letters.

WATER SUPPLY SPOILED.

Residents of Colquitz District Enter a Complaint.

There are prospects of the city having some more trouble with the residents along the line of the Colquitz river. This river has its source at Elk lake and empties into Victoria Arm. Farmers and other residents along its banks rely upon the stream for their supply of water. Since the work of pumping the mud out of the lake was commenced the water in the stream has been unfit for use, being discolored by the mud. The residents along the stream say they have, in consequence been forced to carry their water from other places, unless they are fortunate enough to have wells which contain water all the year round. Some of them have to cart their water quite a distance.

They intend, if possible, to put a stop to this, and for that purpose have called a meeting to be held in Colquitz Hall on Friday evening. The Mayor and water commissioner will be invited to attend and an attempt will be made to devise some scheme to restore to the residents of the district the water supply to which they consider they are entitled.

Mr. M. King, one of the contractors for the improvements at the lake states that no mud is turned down the stream. When the work was first commenced some was turned into the stream but as soon as the residents complained this was stopped.

—The steamer Cariboo and Fly, recently purchased by Mr. Cunningham, the Skeena river canner, leaves this evening for the north with a general cargo and a number of passengers. After her arrival on the Skeena she will be engaged for some time delivering lumber from the Skeena sawmill to settlements in the north. She will make occasional trips to Victoria, carrying both freight and passengers. Mr. Cunningham having been granted a limited passenger certificate.

—Complaints have been made by captains of vessels arriving here late last week, that the fog horn at Race Rocks was not blowing regularly.

—There was a lively fist fight at the foot of Yates street yesterday afternoon, a number of longshoremen being the participants.

—Buy only candied peels manufactured by Okell & Morris. *

ROYAL Baking Powder has been awarded highest honors at every world's fair where exhibited.

MUNICIPAL NOTICE.

To-Morrow will be the last day but SEVEN for paying Taxes to entitle persons to a rebate of one-sixth.

CHAS. KENT,
Collector.
oc21

WARNING

$100 Reward

Will be given to any one who will give such information as will lead to the conviction of any person or persons imitating our trade mark by stamping plugs of tobacco with bronze in such a manner as to lead consumers to believe that they are receiving our

MYRTLE NAVY TOBACCO

Each plug of which is stamped with

T. & B IN BRONZE.

Our Chewing Tobacco is stamped with T. & B. Tin Tag.

The Geo. E. Tuckett & Son Co., Ltd., Hamilton, Ont.

MEN'S Overcoats

Superior in workmanship and finish to custom made garments, and at a much lower price. Don't Fail to see these Goods before purchasing elsewhere.

S. Reid,

122 Government Street.

We Don't Care a Rap

About competition on Boys' Clothing. We've bought scores of Boys' Suits, and we didn't buy them to keep either. They're going at

$2.50.

For a good, strong, serviceable Boys' Suit, up to $4.50 for the very best Suit that's made. When you see them you'll marvel at the value in each price.

CAMERON, THE CASH CLOTHIER, 55 JOHNSON STREET.

Boys' good wool Hose, 25 cents.

THIS SPACE

Is Reserved for the Advertisement of

Gilmore & McCandless,

To Appear To-Morrow.

KINNAIRD

When you hear a man say that a man of that name made his suit you can rest assured that it is a good one. We aim to please our customers every time. Let us have a chance to please you

KINNAIRD, THE CASH TAILOR, 46 JOHNSON STREET.

DROP IN

To Stewart's and inspect his fine Stock of Fall Suitings, Overcoatings and Trouserings. New Goods have just arrived.

36 FORT STREET. **WILLIAM STEWART,** Merchant Tailor.

BOTTLED WIND

EVERY COLLAR TRADE MARK GUARANTEED NO SWEAT PADS

PERFECT FITTING AIR COLLARS
LIGHT COOL ELASTIC EASY
SURE CURE FOR SORE SHOULDERS
FIFTY-SEVEN TONS TEST
DISCOUNTS TO THE TRADE ONLY
APPLY TO YOUR DEALER OR
SEND FOR TESTIMONIALS ETC TO
THE GULLINE PNEUMATIC COLLAR CO.
VICTORIA B.C.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIA
Agricultural and Industrial Association.

G. L. MILNE, M. D., President. C. E. RENOUF, Hon. Secretary.
R. SEABROOK, Hon. Treasurer. A. J. DALLAIN, Asst. Secretary.
Victoria, B. C. Sept. 30th, 1895.

Messrs. The Okell & Morris Fruit Preserving Co., Limited, Victoria:

Gentlemen,—I am instructed by the board of managers of the Br. Col. Agricultural and Industrial Association to transmit to you a copy of a letter which was received by the board, as follows:

Victoria, B. C., Sept. 18th, 1895.

To the President and Directors British Columbia Agricultural and Industrial Ass'n, Victoria:

Gentlemen,—We, your Awarding Committee, having carefully examined the exhibit of the Okell & Morris Fruit Preserving Co., beg to recommend to your board, that owing to the excellence and quality of their exhibits, in addition to the Diplomas which we have awarded to their several exhibits, Gold Medals be awarded to them for the following: Marmalade, Jams and Jellies, Fruits preserved whole in glass, and Lemon Peel.

We remain, gentlemen, yours respectfully,
(Signed.) E. M. PALMER,
A. OHLSON,
A. H. B. MACGOWAN,
Awarding Committee.

And I am further instructed to inform you that the Board has adopted the recommendation of the Awarding Committee and awards you Gold Medals for the following:

Marmalade, Jams and Jellies,
Fruits Preserved Whole and in Glass, Lemon Peel.

Allow me to tender you my sincere congratulations on the success which has attended your various exhibits at the last Exhibition of this Association.

I remain, gentlemen, yours respectfully,
C. E. RENOUF, Hon. Secretary,
British Columbia Agricultural and Industrial Association.

N.B.—Besides the above we have already won 2 Gold Medals, 1 at the Colonial Exhibition, Manchester, Eng., 1 at the International Exhibition, London, Eng., and 1 at Victoria, B. C.

OKELL & MORRIS FRUIT PRESERVING CO., Ltd.

THE AGE OF LOVE.

A Philosophical Inquiry into an Interesting Subject.

For some weeks the London Daily Telegraph has opened its columns to a discussion of the period of life at which the sentiment of love can be experienced. There is, it seems, a wide diversity of opinion touching the time of life when, if ever, incapacity for love begins. But, on the whole, those have decidedly the best of the argument who contend that the mere lapse of years, if unattended with serious physical decay, does not disqualify for love.

It is plain that the Telegraph's correspondents do not agree in their definition of terms. By love some evidently mean a merely carnal appetite; others have in view a purely spiritual affection; still others contemplate a passion which, though noble, is yet sexual; a passion which, however exalted and refined, is not free from the instinct of desire implanted in human nature. Whether love in the last-mentioned sense becomes unattainable at a certain period of life, is probably a question not for poets and psychologists, but for physiologists. Had the Telegraph's correspondents included some physicians, these would doubtless have maintained that the term "age" needs defining as well as "love;" that a man is old or young, not according to the number of his years, but according to his physical condition; and that some men of 70 are younger than others of 35.

If we keep in sight the necessity of a clear conception of the terms employed we find a good deal of amusement and some grains of profitable suggestion in the chaff of the Telegraph's communications concerning the age of love. Mme. Juliette Adam, the editor of the Nouvelle Revue, refrains from expounding her own definition of the tender passion, and replies in an evasive way to the question addressed to her. "Motherly love," she says, "filial love, fraternal love and love of country may animate the breast at any age. This shows that the heart grows not old with years. Why, then, may not the love par excellence also exist at any age?" Why not, indeed? That is just the question. Does sexual love contain an element which tends to become extinguished, not, to be sure, with the mere passage of years, but with physical deterioration? This inquiry, as we have said, is not fairly faced by Madame Adam, who writes:—"Those who regard love as a sensuous passion, and consequently require beauty and youth to inflame it, may be right in deeming love after thirty years ridiculous; but those who hold it superior to fleshly charm may experience it at any age; just like other loves." From the a priori deductions of a feminine casuist, we turn with satisfaction to the voice of practical experience, that, namely, of a young lady who, as she frankly tells us, "has studied mankind in several countries," who has "personally had more adulation and attention," than falls to the lot of most of her sex, and "consequently has had considerable experience in love at all ages." This expert assures us that "at no age have I found the love of man so profound, true and lasting as from 35 to 40." Another matron, who acknowledges that she is "an old woman now," declares that "my experience tells me that love exists at any age, and the Darby and Joan affection is the sweetest of all." A masculine correspondent also, who signs himself "An Old Lover," records that "I was not married until much over 40; my wife the same age. She was my first true love. Our love is now, after ten years' wedded life, as strong as that of any young people."

The best of the letters dealing with this interesting subject in the Telegraph is signed "A peripatetic Philosopher." He points out that whether men in middle life or even considerably advanced in years, are capable of love is not a question of ratiocination, but of fact. Will it be soberly maintained, he asks, that all the love affairs which do unquestionably occur under our eyes in the afternoon or evening of life are mere matters of acting, insincere make-believes? The supposition is refuted by daily experience and by history. Even the measles will occasionally attack people in the sixties, and can it be affirmed that love is less capricious than that malady? Many a man and woman, too, who had seen the snow of 60 years, and yet has retained the sturdiness, nerve and elasticity of 40, might, if asked whether he or she were in truth 60 years of age, reply as did Fontenelle to the inquiry, "And are you really 90 years old?" "Not I, but my baptismal certificate." Leibnitz, who practised what he preached, laid down the golden rule that a man should take 40 years to decide whether he loved a woman enough to take her for better or worse. Nor is there any doubt that the comparative permanence of the love experienced by middle-aged men, is due to the fact that they choose more wisely. In their case Cupid is not wholly blind. Of what is known as calf love, marriage is apt to be the grave, just as it is the end of butterflies, which die immediately after pairing. There may be some truth in the poet's assertion that "there is nothing half so sweet in life as love's young dream," but it is also true that nothing is more fugitive; and this saccharine distemper ought not to be confounded with the really powerful sentiment that masters the full-grown man.

Not a few legendary and historical examples are marshalled in the Telegraph to show that love sometimes acts as a spell or filter, whereby the old are made young, as was Goethe's Faust. It is evident that Hercules was far from being a beardless boy, when, having laid aside his club, he learned to spin at the feet of Omphale. Well nigh 60 was Henry IV. when he fell so desperately in love with one of his relatives, a young princess, that she had to flee from France to avoid his attentions. Jean Jacques Rousseau, who fancied himself a connoisseur in matters of the affection, lost his head and heart at the age of 46. Much older than that was Anthony when he sold the world for Cleopatra's smile. The renowned Ninon de l'Enclos achieved her greatest triumph in the 56th year of her age, and it was when she turned 80 that she confessed to the Abbe de Gedoyn that she had deferred the completion of her happiness from a feeling of vanity, as she had piqued herself upon having a lover at four-score.

Observant people will not accept the theory that would circumscribe love within the first three or four, or five decades of human life. The sensitiveness of the organization is measured not by the calendar but by the physical condition. Time is an elastic notion, and love an incalculable force.

ENGLISH POLITICAL DUELS.

Probably the Last One Was Taken Part in by Sir Robert Peel.

The recent death of Sir Robert Peel recalls the fact that he was probably the last English politician of eminence who received a challenge. In 1851, when chief secretary for Ireland, he described a meeting held in Dublin over which The O'Donoghue, an Irish member, presided, as an assemblage of "manikin" traitors. The O'Donoghue immediately sent a hostile message by a friend, Mr. Quinn, another Irish member, to Sir Robert Peel, who named Lord Palmerston, who was then prime minister, as his "friend." The matter was settled without a meeting, and ended in laughter.

"No revolution of public sentiment," Mr. Lecky observes, "has been more remarkable than that which in the space of little more than a generation has banished from these countries the evil custom of duelling." The immense number of conspicuous men, and especially statesmen, who fought duels during the 18th century is very remarkable. Among the prime ministers of George III., Shelburne fought with Colonel Fullerton, Pitt with Tierney, and Fox with Adam. At a later period Canning fought with Castlereagh, the Duke of Wellington fought with Lord Winchelsea, and Peel twice challenged political opponents.

In Ireland, political duels were at the same period of frequent occurrence. Fitzgibbon, afterwards Earl of Clare and lord chancellor, fought, when attorney-general, with Curran, afterwards master of the rolls, with enormous pistols 12 inches long. Curran called out, among others, Lord Buckingham, chief secretary for Ireland, because he would not dismiss at his dictation a public officer.

John Lord Norbury, lord chief justice of the common pleas, was a noted duelist. He was always the man on whom the government depended to frighten a member of the opposition, and so rapid was his promotion in consequence, that it was said he "shot up" into preferment.

The Rt. Hon. Henry Grattan, leader of the Irish House of Commons, was ever ready to sustain with his pistols the force of his arguments. He began by fighting Lord Earlsfort, and ended by shooting Isaac Corry, chancellor of the exchequer. He called him, in the debate on the union, "a dancing master," and while the debate was going on, went from the house to fight him, and shot him through the arm.

While the measure of the union was under discussion, a political duelling club was founded by Sir John (afterwards Lord) Blaquiere. He arranged "that there should be a dinner in one of the committee rooms of the Irish House of Commons for twenty or thirty supporters of the Union every day, where they could always be at hand to make up a House, or for any "emergency"—such was the term used—which should call for an unexpected reinforcement during any part of the discussion. Sir John Blaquiere's Club, which was composed of "men of fighting families," was simply an association formed for the purpose of provoking duels with the opponents of the Union.

NO TIME TO LOSE

Variable Autumn Weather Often Seals the Fate of Rheumatic Sufferers.

Victims of Rheumatism Find a Cure in Paine's Celery Compound

Nothing Like It for Banishing the Awful Disease.

Old and Chronic Sufferers Are Made Hale and Strong.

Mr. William McWilliams, of Bradford, Ont., writes as follows about his case:

"Unsolicited, I forward this testimonial as to the value of Paine's Celery Compound. I am well up in years and was sorely afflicted with rheumatism. I purchased and used six bottles of your medicine, and am now perfectly well. I have no rheumatism left."

The above is just an ordinary sample of the proof that cured people furnish every week.

Let us utter a few words of warning to all who feel the pangs of a disease that makes life a misery and burden.

The most dangerous season of the year is now with us; there is no necessity to enlarge upon this fact. Chilling winds, damp weather, and heavy impure atmosphere, aggravate every condition of rheumatism, and brings many a sufferer to the grave.

Take courage all victims of rheumatism. If you have failed with doctors and the ordinary medicines of the day, remember, you have not yet given Paine's Celery Compound a trial. This marvellous medicine has made new men and women of thousands who were pronounced incurable by physicians. It can and will, do the same good work for you, if you will fairly and honestly use it for a time. Mr. McWilliams's case was one that baffled all other medicines but Paine's Celery Compound, which proved victorious at every point, giving him a new and better life. Go thou and follow his example.

—Carpets beaten by machinery at Weiler Bros; all dust is removed by this process.

—Read the open letter to Okell & Morris in another column.

What do you gather from this?

TORONTO, SEPT. 20TH 1895.

DEAR SIRS:—

Please send us, in addition to present order, 50 pieces Medium weight Slate Fibre Chamois and ship all at once as we are receiving urgent orders daily for lines made up in this way.

Yours truly,

(Signed) LAILEY, WATSON & Co.,
Wholesale Clothing.

To CANADIAN FIBRE CHAMOIS CO., *Montreal.*

It means that the practical Clothing men in Canada appreciate the claims made for Fibre Chamois as an interlining in men's clothing, viz:—That it makes it absolutely windproof and warm in any weather. That it adds to the appearance and style of the garment. That it does not increase the weight or bulk and that the increased cost is little or nothing.

Fibre Chamois is a patented article. Beware of cheap and inferior imitations

All the Nutritious Constituents of Prime Beef

are preserved in **JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF**

An invaluable food **for all who need** *strong nourishment* **in an** *easily-digested form.*

A FATHER'S TEMERITY.

Fought a Lion With His Fists to Release His Child.

An English missionary in Africa was sitting in his tent door when he saw a party of natives approaching. They were bringing to him a boy, whose head was covered with a piece of calico, on removing which the missionary saw two deep furrows, one on each side of the scalp. The wounds had been made by a lion a few evening's before, says the Youth's Companion. The boy had been brought to the Englishman for treatment, and while he did what he could for the sufferer the men related what the missionary calls "as curious a foreadventure as I ever heard."

The party were on their way to the coast, and at night had made fires and lain down to sleep. Suddenly they were awakened by the deep growls of a lion. It had leaped among them, and had already seized a boy, whose screams mingled with the horrid growls of his captor.

The men run this way and that in their terror, each thinking of his own safety. Not so the boy's father. He was big and strong, and besides, it was his child who was screaming. He had no time to snatch up so much as a spear, but went straight at the lion, and struck it again and again full in the face with his clenched fist, all the while uttering fierce cries of anger.

The lion was cowed; it relinquished its hold of the boy, and sprang away into the darkness, leaving the father with his bleeding son in his arms.

The scattered company came together again, replenished the fires, and took care of the lad's wounds as best they could. Now they had brought him to the missionary, who washed his wounds with carbolic acid and water and bound them up. The patient was doing well when the missionary last saw him, more than a week later.

VICTORIA MARKETS.

Retail Quotations for Farmers' Produce Carefully Corrected.

Victoria, October 21.

There is little to be said of the local markets this week. Trade has been fairly good in all staples, and there have been no changes as to conditions or prices. Potatoes have a tendency to firmness and may do better very shortly. Eggs, butter, cheese, hay and domestic fruits show no change in particular. Fall pork continues to come in very well, and is meeting with a good sale in the local markets. Other quotations are the same.

The Lake district creamery project is gaining ground and looks as if it would be carried out successfully.

Retail values are the same as last week.

Ogilvie's Hungarian Flour	5 to 5 25
Lake of the Woods Flour	5 to 5 25
Enderby	4 75
Salkirk	4 75
Superb	4 25
Plansifter	4 75
Snow Flake	4 20
Olympic	4 30
X X X	4 00
Wheat, per ton	30 00 to 35 00
Oats per ton	25 00 to 27 50
Barley, per ton	28 00 to 30 00
Middlings, per ton	25 00 to 30 00
Bran, per ton	20 00 to 25 00
Ground Feed, per ton	25 00 to 27 00
Corn, whole	45 00
" cracked	50 00
Cornmeal, per 10 lbs	35 to 40
Oatmeal, per 10 lbs	35 to 40
Rolled Oats, per lb	5 to 6
Potatoes, local	3-4
Potatoes, sweet	2 to 3
Cabbage	02
Hay, baled, per ton	$8 to $12
Straw, per bale	1 00
Green Peppers, cured, per doz	25
Onions, per lb	02
Cucumbers, per doz	25
Spinach, per lb	5 to 6
Tomatoes, Island per lb	2 1-2
Oranges, Riverside, per doz	20 to 25
Lemons (California)	35 to 40
Bananas	20 to 25
Pineapples	25 to 50
Apples, Island	63
Crabapples, Island	06
Pears	03
Pine Apples	25 to 50
Cranberries per gallon	50
Quinces	03
Fish—Salmon, per lb	10
Smoked Salmon	12 1-2
Smoked bloaters, per lb	12 1-2
Eggs, Island, per lb	35
Eggs, Manitoba	20
Butter, Island	30
Butter, creamery, per lb	25
Butter, Delta Creamery, per lb	30
Cheese, Chilliwack	15
Hams, American, per lb	14 to 17
Hams, Canadian, per lb	15 to 16
Hams, Boneless, per lb	20
Bacon, American, per lb	14 to 17
Bacon, Rolled, per lb	12 to 16
Bacon, Long clear, per lb	12
Bacon Canadian	16 to 18
Shoulders	14
Lard	15 to 20
Sides, per lb	7 to 7 1-2
Meats—Beef, per lb	7 to 12 1-2
Veal	10 to 15
Mutton, per lb	5 to 12 1-2
Spring Lamb, per lb	10 to 12 1-2
Pork, fresh, per lb	10 to 12 1-2
Chickens, per pair	1 00 to 1 50
Turkeys, per lb	16 to 20

—Carpenters' tools at Cheapside.

ARE LOOKED UPON AS LOST.

Ship Baroraing, 179 Days From New York, Not Heard From.

New York, Oct. 22.—Captain John Clagn and crew of thirty-two men, sailed from New York 179 days ago ago with 1,200,000 gallons of oil Shanghai, and the owners, agents, insurance people and relatives of the seamen are in doubt as to her safety. The ship left this port on April 25th with her cargo in tin cans, valued at 980,000. The managing owners of the big ship are Hamilton Seavy & Co., Glasgow, and her agents, who own a small interest in the beautiful clipper, are Timothy Hogan & Sons. The Baroraing was a steel ship, built in 1890, and was in all respects a seaworthy and up to date full-rigged ship. She has not been sighted or spoken since she passed Sandy Hook.

—TONKA is the only high grade smoking mixture in Canada put up in 10c. packages. Patent pipe sifter enclosed.

For Puget Sound Points.

The fast steamer Schome, Chas. E. Clancy, master, leaves here every morning excepting Sundays, at 9 o'clock, for Port Townsend and Seattle, arriving at Seattle at 4 p.m., connecting with the N. P. R. R. train for the east. Returning she leaves Seattle at 10 p.m. daily excepting Sunday, arriving here at 6 a.m. Tickets at Northern Pacific railway office.

TRANSPORTATION.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from All European Points

FROM MONTREAL.

Allan line, Parisian	Nov. 10
Allan line, Mongolian	Nov. 16
Dominion line, Labrador	Nov. 2
Dominion line, Vancouver	Nov. 16
Beaver line, Superior	Nov. 6
Beaver line, Winnipeg	Nov. 13

FROM NEW YORK.

Cunard line, Lucania	Nov. 9
Cunard line, Etruria	Nov. 16
American line, St. Louis	Nov. 6
American line, New York	Nov. 13
White Star line, Britannic	Nov. 6
White Star line, Majestic	Nov. 13
Red Star line, Noordland	Nov. 6
Red Star line, Southwark	Nov. 13
North Ger. Lloyd, Lahn	Nov. 5
North Ger. Lloyd, Dresden	Nov. 9
Anchor line, Anchoria	Nov. 9
Allan State line, Nebraska	Nov. 9
Allan State line, California	Nov. 23

For rates and full information apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
General S. S. Agent.
Cor. Fort and Government Sts., Victoria.

GOING TO CHICAGO OR ANYWHERE EAST?

If you are, see that your ticket from Minneapolis, St. Paul or Duluth reads via

"THE NORTH-WESTERN LINE"
(C. St. P. M. & O. Ry.)

Three (3) First Class Trains Leave Minneapolis and St. Paul for Chicago on arrival of trains from Victoria as follows:

Leave Minneapolis 7:30 a.m.; St Paul 8:10 a.m.
Daily. Badger State Express. Has Parlor Car to Chicago. Arrive Milwaukee 8 p.m.; Chicago, 9:45 p.m.

Leave Minneapolis 6:00 p.m.; St. Paul 7:35 a.m.
Except Sunday. Atlantic & Southern Express has Wagner Buffet Sleeper and FREE Chair Car to Chicago. Arrive Chicago 8:00 a.m.

Leave Minneapolis 7:30 p.m.; St. Paul 8:10 a.m.
Daily. Famous North-Western Limited. Has Pullman and Wagner Private Compartment and 16 section Sleepers and Buffet Smoking Library Coaches to Chicago. Sleeper to Milwaukee. Breakfast in Dining car before reaching Chicago. Arrive Milwaukee 7:50 a.m.; Chicago 9:30 a.m.

For Illustrated Folder Free descriptive of Splendid Train Service via this line, to Sioux City, Omaha, Kansas City, Duluth, Ashland, as well as to Milwaukee and Chicago. Call on your Home Agent or Address

T. W. TEASDALE,
General passenger agent, St. Paul.
W. H. MEAD, General Agent,
248 Washington St., Portland, Ore.
F. W. PARKER, Puget Sound Agent,
601 Front St., Seattle, Wash.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails
FROM OUTER WHARF AT 8 P.M.

UMATILLA, - - - OCT. 25

E. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

TRANSPORTATION.

Victoria & Sidney R'y

Trains will run between Victoria and Sidney daily as follows:

Leave Victoria at 7 a.m., 4 p.m.
Leave Sidney at 8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS.

Leave Victoria at 7 a.m., 2 p.m.
Leave Sidney at 8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

STEAMER MARY HARE.

Running in connection with the Victoria and Sidney Railway, will sail, weather permitting and business offering, as follows:

MONDAYS — Leave Sidney on arrival of morning train for Cowichan, Vesuvius Bay, and way ports; returning connects with evening train for Victoria.
TUESDAYS—Leave Sidney on arrival of morning train, for Ganges Harbor and way ports.
WEDNESDAYS— Leave Ganges Harbor at 6:00 a.m. for Sidney, connecting with morning train for Victoria.
THURSDAYS — Leave Sidney on arrival of morning train for Ganges Harbor, Nanaimo and way ports.
FRIDAYS — Leave Nanaimo at 7:00 a.m., for Sidney and way ports, connecting with evening train for Victoria.

For further particulars apply to the Captain on board, or to Victoria and Sidney Railway Agents. oct10-1m

T. W. PATERSON,
Manager.

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C Rouse, Receivers

NORTHERN PACIFIC
—RUNS—

Pullman Sleeping Cars,
Elegant Dining Cars,
Tourist Sleeping Cars,

To St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Fargo, Grand Forks Cookston, Winnipeg, Helena and Butte.

THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and All Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

SPEED 18 knots	Victoria Route. S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."	TONNAGE 1147
8 30 pm Lv	Victoria	110 Ar 4 30 pm
11 45 pm Lv	Port Townsend	72 Lv 1 30 pm
3 00 am Lv	Seattle	28 Lv 10 15 am
4 45 am Ar	Tacoma	161 Lv 9 30 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

*Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Freight and Passenger Agt., Victoria, B.C.
A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt., 225 Morrison St., Portland, Or.

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry.

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C.

The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7.00 a.m. Lv....SPOKANE....Ar 5.30 p.m.

Commencing January 8th, on Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5.40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9.00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5.30 p.m. same days.

The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot of Folsom St., San Francisco.

FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, Nov. 9th, 1895, at 10 a.m.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New S.S. "——" Steel Screw Steamer Mariposa, Thursday, Nov. 14, at 2 p.m.

For passage apply to 114 Montgomery St. For freight apply to 327 Market street.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO.,
General Agents.
H. E. CONNON, Agent,
Bastion Square, Victoria.

IF YOU ARE GOING EAST

TAKE THE

CANADIAN AND SOO-PACIFIC ROUTE

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE

—TO—

Minneapolis,
St. Paul,
Omaha,
Kansas City,
Toronto
Chicago and
Montreal.

Running through sleepers and upholstered Tourist cars without change, through the grandest scenery in America.

For rates and all information apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
Agent, Victoria.
GEO. McL. BROWN,
Dist. Pass. Agent, Vancouver.

TRANSPORTATION.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 24.

To take effect at 8 a.m. on Friday, April 5, 1895. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

South Bound, Read Up. No. 1 Pass. Daily.		North Bound, Read Down. No. 2 Pass. Daily.
Ar 12 25 pm	Victoria	Lv 8 00 am
12 10	Duncan's	8 15
11 55	Somenos	8 30
11 43	Westholme	8 42
11 35	Chemainus	8 50
10 25	Nanaimo	10 00
9 55	Wellington	10 30
9 11	Extension	11 14
8 45	Comox	11 40
8 30 am	Union Bay	11 55
Lv 8 20 am	Sandwick	Ar 12 05 pm

STATIONS.	No. 3 Pass. Sat. Sun.	No. 4 Pass. Sat. Sun.
Victoria	Lv 8 00 am	Ar 4 30 pm
Russell	8 08	4 22
Esquimalt	8 15	4 15
Colwood	8 22	4 08
Parson's Bridge	8 28	4 02
Langford	8 33	3 57
Goldstream	8 38	3 52
Shawnigan Lake	8 48	3 42
Cobble Hill	8 55	3 35
McPherson's	9 00	3 30
Koksilah	9 05	3 25
Duncan's	9 15	3 15
Somenos	9 30	3 00
Westholme	9 38	2 52
Chemainus	9 45	2 45
Oyster Bay	9 55	2 35
Nanaimo	10 25	2 05
Wellington	Ar 10 45	Lv 1 45

On Saturdays and Sundays

Cheap Excursion Tickets will be issued to and from all points, good—to return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for 15 days, including day of issue.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agents at Victoria, Duncan's and Nanaimo stations.

A DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen. Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 27,

Taking effect June 21st, 1895.

VANCOUVER ROUTE.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 12:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

NEW WESTMINSTER ROUTE.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going east Monday).

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Moresby Island, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

NORTHERN ROUTE.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports via Vancouver the first and 15th of each month at 8 o'clock p.m. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

BARCLAY SOUND ROUTE.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 10th, 20th and 30th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification. JOHN IRVING,
G. A. CARLETON, Manager.
General Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

Str. JOAN,

L. P. LOCKE, Master.

Sails as follows, calling at way ports as freight and passengers may offer.

Lv Victoria .....Tuesday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Nanaimo for Comox, Wednesday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Comox for Nanaimo ....Friday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturday 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office Victoria station, Store Street. ap25

O. B. & N. STEAMSHIP LINE.

CHINA AND JAPAN.

SS. "ASIOUN," due Victoria about October 20; will proceed to Honolulu, H.I., via Portland, and is the only steamer for Honolulu during the month.

For freight and particulars apply to
F. C. DAVIDGE & CO.,
Agents.

GREAT NORTHERN

Shortest and Quickest Line

—TO—

KOOTENAY COUNTRY.

St. Paul,	Minneapolis,
Duluth,	Chicago,
New York,	Boston,
And all U. S. Points.	
Toronto	Hamilton,
Montreal,	Quebec,
And All Eastern Canadian Points.	

Daylight run over the Cascade and Rocky Mountains—the Grandest Scenery in America. Superb Buffet and Sleeping Cars. Palace Sleeping and Cosy Tourist Cars. A delightful ride. One train leaves and goes to season.

For tickets, etc., see
H. HARTIN, Gen. Agent.
75 Government Street.

NEW FALL GOODS ARRIVING DAILY.

Fine Tweed and Worsted Suits,
$5 00, $6 00, $7 50, $8 50, $10 00, etc
Boys' Strong School Suits,
$1 50, $1 60, $2.00, $2 25, $2 40, etc
Boys' Tweed and Serge "Knickers" 75c. per pair.

No Old Shop-Worn Stock to work off, but FRES CLEAN GOODS at LOWER PRICES than ever.

B. Williams & Co., Clothiers and Hatters. 97 Johnson Street.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

NANAIMO.

Nanaimo, Oct. 22.—Ald. Davison succeeded last evening, at the council meeting, in getting the returning officer's report, under the waterworks purchase by-law, struck out on the ground that the election was void, owing to the neglect of the returning officer to post the necessary notices in the different wards.

Rev. D. A. McRae presented a strong petition praying that the council instruct the police to more rigidly enforce the laws. The matter has been forwarded to the police commissioners.

Mr. Cameron, of the City Express Company, speaking of the gold deposits at Alberni, says he is so confident of the future of that district that he intends to open a stage line between Nanaimo and Alberni.

By request of the bishop, the proposed amalgamation of St. Paul's and St. Alban's was not brought up at the synod on Saturday. It was intimated by him that a petition from the church people of St. Paul's would receive his consideration.

The ship Peter Jebsen, which arrived here on Saturday evening, left again at 2 o'clock yesterday with 4,500 tons of New Vancouver Coal Company's coal.

CHEMAINUS.

On Friday last the ladies of this place and Kuper Island had a surprise party at the house of H. E. Donald, whose wife is visiting her parents in England. A number of gentlemen were invited and a very pleasant time was spent.

His Lordship Bishop Perrin held service in the church at the river on Sunday morning, and in the evening at St. Michael and All Angels. As it was a thanksgiving service the ladies had the church beautifully decorated with flowers and the fruits of the ground. After the thanksgiving service confirmation was administered.

The many friends of Miss Mabel Palmer will regret to hear that she met with an accident in St. Paul, having been thrown out of a carriage; fortunately she was not seriously hurt.

Rev. E. Manuel held service in the school house on Sunday last as usual.

T. D. Conway paid a flying visit to his home Sunday night.

A great many salmon and trout have been caught in the bay the last few days with spoon baits.

Mrs. G. A. Thompson, of Nanaimo, spent Sunday with her father.

A number of sealers have decided to make this place their home for the winter.

GALIANO ISLAND.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Galiano, Oct. 21.—Last Sunday, an Indian Sam, a resident of Mayne Island, B. C., was cruising in his canoe around the north coast of Galiano, he discovered some bundles, which he considered worth examination. One he found, contained blankets, while the other pillows and a half emptied bottle of rum, and thereby hangs a tale. It is supposed that a canoe load of Indians were crossing the gulf, and had partaken too freely of the spirituous liquor, capsized their canoe and thus met their doom, only their blankets, etc., coming ashore to tell the tale of the catastrophe. Their craft will likely be found ashore higher up the island.

The settlers have been taking advantage of the fine weather by logging-up the land, which they chopped this summer.

Two wild dogs are committing sad depredations among deer on Galiano. It is being seriously contemplated to form a party to hunt down these outrageous specimens of the canine race.

The Rev. G. H. Menzies having preached his farewell sermon some few weeks ago, and returned to Winnipeg in order to resume his studies, the advent of a new preacher is being earnestly looked forward to to carry on the good work commenced by Mr. Menzies about seventeen months ago.

NEW DENVER.

The Ledge.

A rumor was whispered in town last night that the Noble Five group has been sold for $600,000.

Typhoid fever is plentiful in many camps in the Kootenay, and it will be worse next year if sanitary conditions are not improved.

The K. & S. railway is about two miles past the Forks. The iron is laid on the extension of the N. & S. for about two miles, and it is a race to see which road will reach Sandon first.

The many sales recently made of Slocan properties, and the many deals in progress, notably those of the Noble Five group and the Arlington, are an indication of the confidence men with capital have in this country.

Sacks of ore were recently shipped from the Gray Eagle near Three Forks, to Pilot Bay. If the milling test is as expected the property will be stocked in Spokane for $100,000.

The Slocan Boy commenced work this week. T. M. Gibson is manager.

The Denver and Chief, two claims running into the townsite of New Denver, were sold by Max Heckmann and J. O. McKinnon to R. C. Campbell-Johnston for $500.

Another strike has been made on the Aleha.

The Mayflower and Bullion will ship ore from Bear lake this fall.

More than thirty properties will ship ore this winter from the Slocan district.

It is reported that the Slocan Milling Company have a deal on for the Reid & Robertson.

Ross and Wall will ship a carload of ore from the Roulette as soon as they can move it.

Dick Sea is shipping ore from the Rambler, and already has some piled up at Bear lake.

It is reported that ten feet of solid ore have been struck on the Homestake at Rossland.

George Clark has about 20 men building cabins and doing other work at the Rose Silver.

Four men will work on the Texas this winter, a claim on Spring creek owned by T. A. Garland.

It is said that a representative of English capital is after the Thompson group on Four Mile creek.

The Fisher Maiden will ship ore this winter, another tunnel is being run and this property is looking fine.

Eighteen inches of solid ore have been struck on the Carnation, a claim on Tributary creek owned by Mann Bros.

The Best and Washington basins are full of men cutting trails, building cabins and getting everything in readiness for a busy winter's work.

The force has been increased to about 25 men on the Payne, and a large quantity of ore is on the dump awaiting shipment as soon as the snow comes.

A fine looking piece of ore from the Henry George, a claim owned by Messrs. Pyman, McKenzie and McDonald, assayed 166 in silver and $6 in gold.

J. A. Finch has bonded the Enterprise and Slocan Queen, on Ten Mile creek, from Kirkwood and McKinnon. It is said the price is $25,000; ten per cent. down. Finch has already a force of about 30 men building a trail, cabins and an ore house. The property will ship ore this winter and ten or twelve men will be employed.

George W. Hughes has just completed a cash sale with A. W. McCune, of Salt Lake City, for two-thirds of his interest in the Best, Idaho and Mountain Chief. Arrangements are to be completed this week, and the amount is $105,000. All these properties will be pushed this winter, and the force on the Mountain Chief will be immediately increased to 25 men.

The Exchange is situated about four miles up Springer Creek almost on the trail leading from the foot of the lake to the Kalispell boys' claims on the north fork of Lemon, and is consequently in a very convenient position for shipping. It is owned by Boles & Isaacson and shows a very promising four foot ledge, chiefly quartz, traversed by bands of pyritic ore. The walls are not very clearly defined at present, but it appears to be composed of a number of large stringers which will doubtless run together in time and constitute a very valuable ledge. It has been shown up in several places and appears to be continuous. It carries both native silver and silver glance, but requires very careful hand sorting to prevent waste.

BIG BEND

Kootenay Mail.

Mr. J. W. Haskins was one of a party of eight who arrived here last Saturday afternoon from Smith creek and Gold Stream in a row boat made by themselves from whip-sawed lumber. They dropped down Death Rapids and came through in one day.

There are two companies putting in wing-dams on Gold Stream. The Hidden Treasure Company, managed by Charles Norleins, and Howard and others who are working nearer the mouth. These took out, starting Thursday morning, a stock of supplies for the winter.

On Smith creek the Columbia Hydraulic Mining Company is operating, and the shaft on the Parks claim is being sunk to bedrock. Two parties are on Camp creek, William Haley's and Hyatt and Caley's. On McCulloch creek the shaft house is ready and they are waiting for the new pump.

Mr. Haskins has recorded six gold quartz claims on McCulloch and French creeks for a Vancouver syndicate, of which he retains a quarter interest. Work will be prosecuted on them in the spring. He went over the Gold Range to Tum Tum lake, and found a district of dry ores, of good quality, composed of galena, copper and gold.

CRAWFORD BAY.

The Ledge.

Wells Fargo Company group will ship five tons of ore this fall. This rock carried 200 ounces in silver and 3 to 15 per cent in copper.

Twenty claims have been located within the past two months upon Hooker and Crawford creeks.

T. G. Proctor advanced the money to build twenty-four miles of a trail in from Crawford Bay, and it is to be hoped he will be reimbursed in the spring.

SLOCAN CITY

The Ledge.

This is an excellent spot for duck-shooting. The best time for sportsmen to come in is about the middle of next month. Ducks, geese, swan, grouse, deer bears, and many other varieties of game are so plentiful that a blind man could shoot them. The fishing is excellent, and before long it will be a famous resort for lovers of hunting and fishing.

West of here, on Goat creek, Sam Whittaker has a claim called the Pride of the West. Dad Robertson has one adjoining called the Pioneer. The ledges are twenty feet wide and assays of $20 have been obtained. The properties will be worked next summer.

The Young America, owned by Con. Fielding and Sam Whittaker, adjoins the townsite and has two ledges from which assays of $15 in gold, and 11 ounces in silver have been obtained.

H. T. Ceperley, who represents English capitalists, was here this week and looked at the Arlington and other claims.

Mulvey and Clement have raised 20 tons of vegetables this summer. They find ready sale for all they have on hand.

NELSON.

Nelson Miner

Mr. Roberts, the engineer of the S. F. and N. Ry., was in town during the week. He denies that there is any change in the situation regarding the terminus of his line. Mr. Corbin does not feel inclined to come to any terms with the C. P. R., feeling that they have no real right to impose any. The matter will probably straighten itself out some day, and in the maintime the people of Nelson have to suffer.

The extension of the S. F. & N. Ry. from Five Mile Point to Nelson is nearly completed. Ballasting has been pushed ahead by the aid of a steam shovel and is now practically finished. A Y is being built at Anderson Point not far from where the old wharf used to stand. The present depot on the hill will be demolished and a new one erected at a spot about 150 yards short of the town boundary.

We have been shown some fine specimens of ore taken from the Golden Eagle, a claim lying near the Poorman, four miles due west of Nelson. This ore is peculiar, consisting of nodules of galena and quartz mixed. The vein at its outcrop is only a few inches in width, but at ten feet down it widens out to ten feet six inches and samples taken from it at this point assay seven ounces in gold and eight in silver. A tunnel is being now driven in to cut the ledge at a still lower point. The property belongs to Messrs. Martin Clare, John McHale and W. F. McCulloch.

Last week we reported the bare fact that the Starlight ledge had been cut, no further particulars having reached us. It is nearly three months since Mr. Humphrey started the tunnel to cut it and he has had to drive this much further than he anticipated. The ore also was found to be intensely hard, and it speaks well for Mr. Humphrey's pluck that he stuck to the job. The ledge is now cut at a distance of 170 feet from the mouth of the tunnel and 85 feet below the surface outcrop. In that distance it has neither broadened out nor pinched. It is about three to four feet wide just as it is at the surface.

REVELSTOKE.

Kootenay Mail.

Only one car of ore has been moved this week, which was from the Alamo mine, and bound for Omaha.

On Monday the steamer Nakusp took down ten carloads, two of them being machinery for the Trail creek smelter, the balance being general freight.

We hear that there is a call for men and miners coming in from Illecillewaet. This is only the commencement of the demand from that camp. When the Maple Leaf, Lanark, Dunvegan and other claims get to shipping ore, a greater number of men will be wanted.

We are informed by J. W. Haskins that he has just taken a bond for three months on the Pool group of claims in the Lardeau for C. D. Rand, of Vancouver, who is now in England. Mr. Rand is acting for English capitalists, and the particulars have been forwarded to him at London.

CITY COUNCIL.

Adjourn on Account of the Absence of Several Members.

The city council adjourned last evening without transacting any business. Three of the aldermen, Hall, Partridge and Bragg went out to Beaver Lake in the afternoon and could not get back on account of the accident to the train, and Ald. Williams was also absent. The minutes were adopted and a letter from Messrs. Drake, Jackson & Helmcken was read. They wrote they were unable to arrive at any agreement with the city barristers regarding the claim of George Bridges, and asking the council to consider the matter. Bridges claims $1,250. The mayor stated that at the last conference with the city barristers it was decided to offer Mr. Bridges $500. At this stage Ald. Wilson moved the adjournment of the meeting until this evening, the motion being adopted.

Just previous to the meeting the mayor and aldermen had a conference with the directors of the agricultural society regarding a letter which it was proposed to read at the meeting. In this letter the directors ask the council to pay the deficit of $172 incurred by the recent exhibition. At the conference the directors explained the accounts.

WEST COAST MINES.

Captain John Irving and Party Return This Morning from Alberni.

The steamer Rainbow, which left last week for Alberni and West Coast points with a party of prominent Victorians, returned at an early hour this morning. Among those who went down were Captain John Irving, M. P. P.; Hon. D. W. Higgins, William Wilson, John Braden, M. Macgregor, John Hepburn and a number of practical miners. Hon. D. W. Higgins went through to Alberni, where he still is. Messrs. Wilson and Braden, with two miners, spent their time along the banks of the Sarita river and on St. Mary's Island in Barclay Sound. Mr. Wilson, who is one of the best authorities on provincial mining matters, said this morning that there was any amount of iron and copper on the islands and along the shores of Barclay Sound. The only question was whether this was an iron cap to something richer. In his opinion the ore was the kind found over precious metals. It was necessary to do some work before the value of the mines could be discovered. This applied not only to the mines around Barclay Sound but also to those in Alberni. In the latter district men were staking off granite ledges and selling them. This was to be deprecated.

Mr. Wilson brought down samples of iron ore from St. Mary's and Sarita and left two men there to continue prospecting. They will go through the iron ore and see if there are any precious metals under it.

Captain Irving and Mr. Macgregor went in to Granite creek with Messrs. Logan and Hoge, to have a look at the Islander and Star of the West claims, in which they are interested. They put in a couple of blasts and securing some ore, brought it down to be tested. Captain Irving said he was not in a position to give an opinion of Granite creek. There were only a few scratches on the claims, and their value could not be ascertained from that.

The party had a very pleasant trip, and are pleased with what they saw. But all unite in saying that to ascertain the true value of the mines they must go under the surface ore.

Hood's is Wonderful.

No less than wonderful are the cures accomplished by Hood's Sarsaparilla, even after other preparations and physician's prescriptions have failed. The reason, however, is simple. When the blood is enriched and purified, disease disappears and good health returns, and Hood's Sarsaparilla is the one true blood purifier.

HOOD'S PILLS are prompt and efficient and do not purge, pain or gripe. 25c.

PUDDING IN RHYME.

The following receipt, taken from an old book written in 1850, was found excellent:

GRANDMOTHER'S PUDDING.

Into one pint of purest drink
Let one teacup of clean rice sink,
And boil till all the water's gone—
No matter where. Stir with a spoon,
And deftly add of milk one quart;
Boil till it thickens as it ought,
Stirring it with the aforesaid spoon
Till it is smooth and white and done.
Then add three egg yolks beaten light,
One lemon's rind all grated right,
And of sugar well refined
Eight spoons, by stirring thus combined.
Now pour the mixture in a dish
Of any size that you may wish,
And let it stand, while with a fork
You beat the whites as light as cork—
The whites of the three eggs, I mean;
And when the're beaten stiff and clean
Add eight spoonfuls of sugar light,
And put the frothing, nice and white,
Upon your pudding like a cover—
Be sure you spread it nicely over.
In a cool oven let it brown—
We think the pudding will go down.

SILVER WEDDING.

Many Friends Congratulate Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Haughton.

A numerous company of friends assembled at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Haughton, North Pembroke street, last evening in order to celebrate the twenty-fifth anniversary of their wedding. Conspicuous among the guests were Rev. P. H. McEwen, pastor of Emmanuel Baptist church, Rev. Ralph Trotter, of the Calvary Baptist church, Mr. M. Lenz, Mr. G. Leiser, Messrs. Pickard, Westcott, C. Heard, H. Adams, fellow deacons with Mr. Haughton of the church, the whole of the employes of the Manchester House, Yates street, and a large number of friends in private life. At the close of the repast Rev. P. H. McEwen and Mr. W. Marchant, school trustee, referred to the occasion of the gathering and heartily congratulated the host and hostess upon the attainment of their silver wedding. Mr. Haughton for himself and wife, suitably responded. A large number of handsome presents were sent, among which were noticed a very elaborate fruit stand, presented by Messrs. Lenz & Leiser, a beautiful tea service and tray, the gifts of the numerous friends of Mr. and Mrs. Haughton at the church and employes of the store, a butter dish from Mr. P. Wilson, salt cruets from Miss Carter, match holder from Mr. and Mrs. Scowcroft, finger bowl from Mr. Raiser, card basket from Mr. Smith of Toronto, etc., etc. A most enjoyable and pleasant evening was spent, the guests not departing until midnight.

—In every case the first work of Ayer's Sarsaparilla is to expel the effects of the other medicines that have been tried in vain. It would be a saving of time and money if experimenters took Ayer's Sarsaparilla at first instead of at last.

"De cowboy dat done put de pokah chip in de contribution box," said Uncle Eben, "am sensable, case he didn't mean to be perverted; but de man dat dumped in de Canada quartah am of onredeemable hypocrite."

HUMPHREYS'

SPECIFICS are scientifically prepared Remedies; have been used for half a century with entire success.

NO	SPECIFIC FOR
1	Fevers, Congestions, Inflammations
2	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic
3	Teething, Colic, Crying, Wakefulness
4	Diarrhea, of Children or Adults
5	Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic
6	Cholera Morbus, Vomiting
7	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis
8	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache
9	Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo
10	Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Constipation
11	Suppressed or Painful Periods
12	Whites, Too Profuse Periods
13	Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness
14	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions
15	Rheumatism, or Rheumatic Pains
16	Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague
17	Piles, Blind or Bleeding
18	Ophthalmy, Sore or Weak Eyes
19	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head
20	Whooping Cough
21	Asthma, Oppressed Breathing
22	Ear Discharges, Impaired Hearing
23	Scrofula, Enlarged Glands, Swellings
24	General Debility, Physical Weakness
25	Dropsy, and Scanty Secretions
26	Sea Sickness, Sickness from Riding
27	Kidney Diseases
28	Nervous Debility
29	Sore Mouth, or Canker
3	Urinary Weakness
31	Painful Periods
32	Disease of the Heart, Palpitation
33	Epilepsy, Spasms, St. Vitus Dance
34	Sore Throat, Quinsy, Diphtheria
35	Chronic Congestions and Eruptions

"77" For GRIP.

Sold by Druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price, 25c or 5 for $1. (may be assorted, except Nos. 28, 29 and 33, put up in $1.00 case only).

DR. HUMPHREYS' MANUAL (Enlarged and Revised), MAILED FREE.

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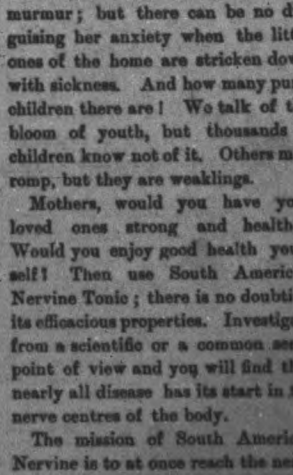

Home For Sale

A beautiful site for a suburban home on Victoria Arm 20 acres, mostly under cultivation Price, $4,500.

BEAUMONT BOGGS, 28 Broad Street

To the Farmers.

—GO— —TO— NICHOLLES & RENOUF, LTD.

61 YATES STREET,
AND BUY AN
Emperor Potato Digger.

Looking Frontward

When a gentleman gives me an order for a Suit of Clothes I begin right then and there to look for his next order. How? By making him the very best garment he ever had, and charging him as little as I can afford. That will bring him back nine times out of ten.

CREIGHTON, Fashionable Tailor, 86 Government Street.

The Mother Heart Touched

"I Believe SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE Saved the Lives of Two of My Children."—
Puny Children Grow Fat and Strong—
Tired and Ailing Women Take on the BLOOM of EARLIER YEARS.

What will touch the mother heart more deeply than the illness of her little ones? She may suffer much herself, and women are sorely afflicted with many ills, but she will endure all this, however often, without a murmur; but there can be no disguising her anxiety when the little ones of the home are stricken down with sickness. And how many puny children there are! We talk of the bloom of youth, but thousands of children know not of it. Others may romp, but they are weaklings.

Mothers, would you have your loved ones strong and healthy? Would you enjoy good health yourself? Then use South American Nervine Tonic; there is no doubting its efficacious properties. Investigate from a scientific or a common sense point of view and you will find that nearly all disease has its start in the nerve centres of the body.

The mission of South American Nervine is to at once reach the nerve centres, which are to the whole body what the mainspring of the watch is to every other part of the timepiece. Science has made perfectly clear that the troubles that affect the individual organs of the body, have their seat in these nerve centres, so, without any wasteful experimenting, South American Nervine reaches out to the seat of the difficulty, and straightening out what is wrong there heals the whole body. Listen to what Mrs. H. Russell, Wingate, writes on this point: "I have used several bottles of South American Nervine Tonic, and will say, I consider it the best medicine in the world. I believe it saved the lives of two of my children. They were down, and nothing appeared to do them any good until I procured this remedy. It was very surprising how rapidly both improved on its use. I don't allow myself to be without some of it in my house. I recommend the medicine to all my neighbors." It will certainly grant new life to all who are delicate, whether young, middle-aged, or old. Do not worry along with ill health, but dispel it, and brighten your lives by the immediate use of South American Nervine.

FOR SALE BY

Dean & Cryderman and Hall & Co.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

OPPOSED TO ARBITRATION

British Newspapers Hold That the Venezuelan Question Needs no Arbitration.

Lord Salisbury's Manner to Minister Bayard Was Curt—His Short Reminder.

London, Oct. 22.—The afternoon newspapers of this city again comment upon the dispute between Great Britain and Venezuela, and in the same tone as yesterday. The St. James Gazettec declares itself opposed to arbitration in any form, saying: "Arbitration not only does not apply to the present dispute, but it is the usual thing when there is a reference of this kind of international trouble to arbitration for arbitrators to find against England, and the weight of evidence, and in the few cases where the finding has been in our favor, the other side declines to pay." The Gazette then instances the Alabama and Delgoa bay and Behring sea cases in support of its contention that international tribunals usually find against England and the weight of evidence. More attention is attracted now than formerly to the utterances of the St. James Gazette against arbitration of the dispute, as this newspaper seems to aver that it has had somewhat of the inside track throughout in Venezuela news here, and is, therefore, believed to have been inspired by some government official thoroughly familiar with the subject and the policy followed by the Marquis of Salisbury.

New York, Oct. 22.—A special to the World from London says the threatening message sent by Lord Salisbury was provoked by Secretary Olney's protesting dispatch upon the Venezuelan matter. Lord Salisbury's manner was very curt to Ambassador Bayard, and reminded him that Great Britain was a power in America before the United States was in existence.

Rome, Oct. 22.—As an outcome of the King of Portugal postponing his visit to Rome, on account of the Pope's opposition, it is reported that Italy has suspended diplomatic relations with Portugal. The Pope's opposition to the visit is due to the difficulty a Catholic monarch would be under in being received by both the Quirinal and the Vatican.

London, Oct. 22.—The Chronicle says that it learns that Timothy Healy, the Irish member of parliament, has secured £50,000 for the purpose of founding a new daily newspaper at Dublin. This move on Mr. Healy's part is actuated by his quarrel with Justin McCarthy.

The Marquis of Salisbury has been appointed Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports, in place of the Marquis of Dufferin, resigned.

The Lokal Anziger says that Prince Lobanoff Rostovsky, the Russian minister for foreign affairs, upon his recent visit to Emperor William at the latter's shooting box at Hubertsock, informed his majesty that it was the earnest wish of the Czar to meet and converse with Emperor William and Emperor Francis Joseph after his coronation.

Cairo, Oct. 22.—At Elmenzuich and in its vicinity, on Sunday and Monday, there were 30 new cases of cholera, and 12 deaths from the disease.

Paris, Oct. 22.—There was a funeral service, with high mass celebrated, at noon to-day at the church of St. Ferdinand des Ternes, for the repose of the soul of the late John W. Mackay, jr., and the remains were then conveyed to the crypt of the church of St. Augustine, where they will remain pending transportation. The body will be taken to the United States next week.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 22.—A dispatch to the Novoe Vremya from Vladivostock, says: The Japanese ports of Shimonoseki, Kokkaichi, Tokio, Sendai, Aomaria and Otarunai will shortly be opened to commercial trade.

Hong Kong, Oct. 22.—The Black Flag chieftain, who has been holding Tai Wan Fu, the Chinese capital in Formosa, against the Japanese forces, has fled and it is expected his followers will now lay down their arms. The Japanese will probably occupy Auchping to-day.

ARE TIRED OF FIGHTING.

Cuban Insurgents Considering Plans for Ending the War.

A dispatch to the Globe from Madrid quotes the Havana dispatch to the Imparcial as saying that the chief lieutenant of Maceo, the insurgent leader, held conference with his friends, the object of which was to point out that further resistance to the Spanish forces was hopeless, and in order to study means to be taken to end the war. The result of the conference was not known when the dispatch was received.

GREAT NATURAL GAS FIND.

Geo. Harvey's Awful Death—Triplets at Lockport Queerly Named.

Detroit, Oct. 22.—A special to the Free Press from Kincardine, Ont., says: the fishing tug Petrel, which left Cascadala last Friday, and was reported lost, has reached here. The tug was engaged lifting nets when the pipe connecting with the boiler broke and she drifted clear across Lake Huron.

Buffalo, N.Y., Oct. 22.—A special dispatch to the Times from Ridgeway, Ont., reports the finding of the greatest gas well ever bored in that vicinity, owned by the Provincial Gas Company and located two miles northeast of Ridgeway, on Homer Cutler's farm. Conservative estimates place the flow at two million gallons a day. When the cap is removed from the mouth of the well and the gas allowed to escape the noise is simply defeaning. People living four miles distant state they can plainly hear the roar of the gas as the pressure forces it from its confinement in the earth. The company has staked two more wells in the same locality, and work on these will begin in a few days.

SCHOONER ASHORE.

The Leroy Somers Drifted Ashore Near Race Rocks Yesterday.

The schooner Fawn, which came up the straits last evening, reported that the schooner Leroy Somers was ashore at Sooke harbor, Race Rocks. Capt. Keefe, of the Fawn, offered to send a tug from Victoria, but the mate of the Somers had already gone to Port Angeles and telegraphed to Port Townsend for a tug. The Wanderer left Townsend last night, with orders to bring the Somers to Victoria for repairs if she was badly damaged.

The Somers was bound from San Francisco to Seattle to load lumber. She drifted ashore at 2 o'clock yesterday morning at high water, in dense fog and calm weather, but with a heavy ocean swell rolling in from the west. Capt. Olsen, using kedge anchors, hauled his vessel away from the most dangerous looking rocks.

A telegram was received from Port Townsend this afternoon asking whether the Somers had arrived here. As she had not it is assumed that the Wanderer was unable to haul her off, or that Capt. Olsen decided to proceed up the Sound. The vessels that passed the race to-day were unable to see anything on account of the fog.

DIPLOMAS PRESENTED.

Marks of Honor Won at the Agricultural Exhibition Competition.

This afternoon at 3 o'clock, Mr. W. Marchant, school trustee, distributed the diplomas won by the successful pupils of the High School at the late competition of the Agricultural Association. The diploma given for the best writing, and also for book keeping; Miss Rosemary Reid the diploma for composition, and Miss Elsie Cartmel for map drawing. In congratulating the pupils who had had been successful, Mr. Marchant pointed out that the diploma valued as paper or as a work of art, might be worth but little, but valued for the story it told—a story of hard work and painstaking care—it was almost invaluable. It was not merely the record of success at a competitive struggle, but the record that must be read between the lines of the diploma, of self-sacrifice and arduous toil. He ventured to say that the race between genius or talent and assiduous effort and labor would invariably be won by the worker rather than the pupil of genius. In closing his remarks Mr. Marchant said he thought it was a pity that all the prizes were obtained by the girls, the boys surely should not be self-sacrificing.

Mr. Paul, on behalf of the High School pupils and teachers, responded suitably, and referred to the fact that so little time could be given to the subjects competed for, (writing composition, book keeping and map drawing) and which he frankly admitted were of the greatest importance to nearly every pupil whatever his future occupation might be. Three cheers by the pupils brought the interesting meeting to a close.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

During the vacation several much-needed improvements have been made in the interior arrangements of the court house. The judges' chairs in the Appeal Court room have all been altered, and a room in the front of the building has been partitioned off and fitted up for Mr. Justice McCreight, who heretofore has had to use a part of the Supreme Court Registry.

In Lemon et al v. the Kaslo & Slocan Railway Company a motion was made this morning to Mr. Justice Drake for an injunction restraining the company from going upon the plaintiff's property at Sandon, the terminus of the road near the Slocan Star mine. The company want a right-of-way for the construction of the road, and his lordship granted them leave to go on and build on their depositing as security for compensation $1000. The matter will now have to be settled by arbitration. The owners claim $1400 for the land. Messrs. E. V. Bodwell and G. H. Barnard appeared for the plaintiff and Mr. W. J. Taylor for the railway company.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Bushby and Mrs. Johnson leave on Friday for California.

Hon. Mr. Justice Crease went over to Vancouver this morning.

Rev. J. R. White came down from New Westminster on the Yosemite.

Miss Carr will be a passenger by the Umatilla for San Francisco on Friday.

Cecil and Reginald Slade, of London, and F. S. Barnard, M.P., went over to the Mainland this morning.

Duncan R. Harrison, of the Pauline Hall Opera Company, is at the Driard.

D. D. Oliphant, the Portland merchant, and J. R. McVey, of Seattle, are guests at the Driard.

Mrs. James Christie leaves by the Charmer to-morrow morning for a visit to relatives in Halifax, N. S. She will probably be absent for some months.

R. P. Rithet leaves on Friday evening for San Francisco, where he will meet the British capitalists, who are interesting themselves in the British Pacific railway scheme.

A meeting of the Amity club will be held on Thursday evening at No. 49 Langley street. It is not likely that the final match for the provincial championship between Victoria and Nanaimo will be played, it now being too late in the season.

—Liberty Art Serge makes neat table covers, curtains, etc. Weiler Bros. agents for British Columbia.

ROYAL Baking Powder.
Highest of all in leavening strength.—U. S. Government Report.

DUNRAVEN IS REAL GAME

He Wants the Defender to Fight It Out on the Mediterranean.

Fitzsimmons Didn't Want a Pillow Throwing Contest—Wants a Finish Fight.

YACHTING
TO BANQUET DUNRAVEN.

London, Oct. 22.—Lord Dunraven received a visit from the Mayor of Cardiff to-day, and accepted an invitation to attend a banquet in that city.

DUNRAVEN IS GAME.

London, Oct. 22.—Mr. Dixon Kemp, the well known yachting authority, and editor of the "Yacht Racing Calendar and Review," has furnished the substance of a second interview had with him and Lord Dunraven. His lordship expressed himself as being still strong in the belief that Valkyrie III. is the superior of the Defender in sailing to windward in moderate breezes and very much faster than the American boat in running dead before the wind. He admitted, however, that the Defender was the faster boat in reaching. "What I should particularly like," said Lord Dunraven, "would be to have the Defender fight it out with the Valkyrie in the Mediterranean." If this could be arranged, he adds, he would then have the Valkyrie prepared to meet the American boat. He thought that the two yachts would have a fair trial in the Mediterranean regattas, but the Valkyrie would doubtless be greatly handicapped by the French rigging rules, which include measurement of beam and girth, besides sail area.

If the Defender should proceed to the Mediterranean it would settle once and for all the question whether the American boat is built under rigging sufficiently strong to cross the Atlantic on her own bottom. Lord Dunraven expressed to Mr. Kemp his belief that a decision to bring the Defender over to the Mediterranean lies entirely with Mr. W. K. Vanderbilt, who owns eight-tenths of the boat. Lord Dunraven is convinced that grand races could be sailed with the Britannia, Ailsa, Satanita, Valkyrie III. and Defender.

London, Oct. 22.—The report circulated in the United States that Mr. Rose has withdrawn his challenge, or that he contemplates doing so, is not confirmed from any source here. Mr. Rose is out of town and is not expected back for a week, and Mr. Theilusson, secretary of the Royal Victoria Yacht Club, has not even heard the question of Mr. Rose withdrawing his challenge even mentioned, and no member of the club can be found who has heard anything.

THE RING.
JOHN L. TALKS.

New York, Oct. 22.—John L. Sullivan, in speaking of the coming fight between Corbett and Fitzsimmons, says it may come off and then it may not. The big fellow was asked whether he had any choice between the two men. He replied that he had not, and thought it would be a great fight.

"I wish in my heart to see it come off," said Sullivan, "as the future of boxing depends upon its final outcome. They are knocking the game all over the country, but it will rise again as sure as you live. Fitzsimmons and Corbett are good fellows, and they should be allowed to box. When I was in the game they never objected to me. I suppose that was because I was a good fellow," and he smiled. "Who do I think will win? Well, as I said, I have no choice in the matter. It will be a fight for keeps, and both men will do their level best to win. Corbett is a clever man and so is Fitz. They know how to use their hands, and they are no novices at the game. Fitz is said to be a hard hitter; so is Corbett. He can hit as good as any one—and I am sure I ought to know. How long do I think it will last? Well, to be plain, I have not the slightest idea. It should go about twenty rounds, if anything. The men will fight cautiously at first, but will no doubt take things seriously as soon as they have sized each other up. I have no idea of returning to the ring."

ROB STILL AFTER HIM.

El Paso, Tex., Oct. 22.—A telegram was received here last night from the Fitzsimmons people at Corpus Christi stating that Corbett will be invited to meet Fitzsimmons in a fight to a finish at El Paso. Fitzsimmons refused to enter into a "pillow throwing contest" with Corbett at Hot Springs, because he had assurances that a fight to a finish could be brought off at El Paso.

SOME SMOKE STILL.

Little Rock, Ark., Oct. 22.—Attorney-General Kingsworthy returned to-day from Hot Springs. He has prepared a bill of exception in the Corbett habeas corpus case, making 56 pages, which will be filed in the supreme court. All the attorneys in the case are here and it is expected that the Supreme Court will hear the case immediately. Should the writ of certiorari be granted, the case will then come before the supreme court to pass judgment upon Judge Leatherman's decision and the constitutionality of the anti-prize fighting law.

BRIGHTER PROSPECTS.

Hot Springs, Ark., Oct. 22.—The fight situation here has assumed a somewhat brighter phase, and it may yet develop that Corbett and Fitzsimmons will meet.

DEMPSEY DYING.

Portland, Ore., Oct. 22.—Jack Dempsey is dying; within the past few days he has been rapidly sinking, and it is announced that his hours are numbered. He has tried a change of country air, but with little apparent benefit. His physicians allow but few of the pugilist's friends to see him. Dempsey realizes his condition and says it is due to the blow he received at the hands of Fitzsimmons four years ago, but a friend says it is consumption.

FOOTBALL.
VICTORIA COLLEGE v. H. M. S. ROYAL ARTHUR.

The gunroom officers of H. M. S. Royal Arthur will play their return match with Victoria College on Thursday afternoon next, at 4 o'clock, at the Canteen grounds. An exciting game is expected, the teams being very fairly matched, as the result of the previous match, 6-3, which was won by the Navy, will show.

RISMUSSEN RAN TOO SOON.

He Thought He Had Killed a Carful of Passengers.

Chicago, Oct. 22.—Somewehere in this city, a man named Rismussen, motorman, is hiding in fear, believing himself to be responsible for the death of a score of innocent trolley car passengers. Last night he ran a crowded Western avenue electric car into a moving C. B. & Q. train at Eighteenth street crossing. The collision occurred while the street car was making 15 miles an hour. Rismussen, who is an experienced motorman, jumped before the crash and ran. Hearing the noise of the collision, he put his hands to his ears to shut out the cries of the supposed wounded and dying passengers, and fled at his utmost speed, eluding all pursuit. Had he remained, he would have learned that the passengers escaped injury by tumbling out of the rear end as the car neared the train, and were scattered along the street for 200 feet. Conductor Brown was the last to leap; he jumped as the crash came. No one was injured.

PASSENGERS.

Per Str. Yosemite from Westminster.—G Mackie, R Brennan, L Halcorn, H Freeman, H L Lindley, Alex Eulen, C E Dickenson, Rev J H White, Mrs G Green, S Lewis, A Ward, Misses Macivor, Donnelly and Stramberg.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—John McVey, D D Oppenheimer, Chas Matson, E J Fader, R Thompson, J F Fullmore, J H Burke, J Anderson.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—Hartman & Co, Simon Leiser, Wilson Bros, Johns Bros, John Earsman, Vic R & L Co, H Clark, D H Ross & Co, L Dickenson, F Carne, Speed Bros, J H Todd & Son, Thos Earle, Wilson Bros.

—Insist upon your grocer giving you O'Keil & Morris' Jams.

THE BELGIC AFLOAT.

Empress of Japan Arrived This Afternoon with That Report.

The Empress of Japan, Captain Geo. A. Lee, arrived at William Head quarantine station at 1:50 o'clock to-day. She was 11½ days crossing the Pacific, and during the first four days of her voyage was in one of the worst storms ever encountered on the line. It was necessary to slow down. The day before the Empress left Yokohama the Pacific Mail steamship Belgic was successfully floated and docked at Yokohama. The extent of her damages had not at the time the Empress sailed been determined. Had she remained on the rocks for the storm the Empress was in she would have been broken to pieces.

The Empress brings but little news. The feeling as to cholera is abating and the prospect of war with Russia engrosses attention. Among the passengers brought by the Empress were J. E. A. Oadel of Cebu, Phillipine Islands, where he has been in business and has acted as British consul for 23 years; Captain Blaxland, R. N., transport commander; Dr. Don Sang, a Chinese doctor, who is going to Chicago to locate, and W. F. Burns, a New York business man who has been investigating trade conditions in Japan.

The Empress left for Vancouver at 3:15 o'clock.

—Many merchants are well aware that their customers are their best friends and take pleasure in supplying them with the best goods obtainable. As an instance we mention Perry & Cameron, prominent druggists of Flushing Michigan. They say: "We have no hesitation in recommending Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to our customers, as it is the best cough medicine we have ever sold, and always gives satisfaction." For sale at 75 cents per bottle by all druggists. Langley & Co, wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

Shouting in church during a revival is one thing, and paying the preacher in chips and whetstones is another.

Thomas A. Johns.

CURED BY TAKING

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

"I was afflicted for eight years with Salt Rheum. During that time, I tried a great many medicines which were highly recommended, but none gave me relief. I was at last advised to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and before I had finished the fourth bottle, my hands were as

Free from Eruptions

as ever they were. My business, which is that of a cab-driver, requires me to be out in cold and wet weather, often without gloves, but the trouble has never returned."—Thomas A. Johns, Stratford, Ont.

Ayer's The Only Sarsaparilla

Admitted at the World's Fair.

Ayer's Pills Cleanse the Bowels.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Wanted, 50 Men

At once, at Beaver Lake.
WALKELY, KING & CASEY.
sep25-tf

H. CUTHBERT & CO., AUCTIONEERS.

are instructed to sell by auction at

NO. 53 VANCOUVER STREET

—ON—

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 24, AT 2 P.M.

—THE—

ELEGANT FURNITURE

COMPRISING

DRAWING ROOM—Two pairs fine Irish linen curtains, French grey chenille curtains, very handsome over-mantel with bric-a-brac shelves and 9 pairrors, brass fender for tiled hearth, fire brasses, a set of very fine Satsuma vases 24 inches high, elegant drawing room suite over suite in silk and plush (3 pieces, cost $200), several pairs choice vases, beautiful corner chair in walnut and claret silk, arm chair in blue plush with artistic walnut frame, ditto in brown plush, fine oak centre table, ebony ditto, bronze banquet lamp and silk shade, black and gold Japanese screen, very handsome pile carpet (58 yards) in beautiful condition.

DINING ROOM—Two pairs lace curtains, oak poles, lounge in crimson plush, very fine pier glass (British plate) in massive oak frame, handsome quartered oak sideboard with large British plate back, two dozen various wine glasses, 4 spirit decanters, tumblers and other glassware, bric-a-brac, 6 oak dining chairs, oak arm and rocking chairs to match, fire brass, brass fender, fine hanging lamp, fine oak dining table, whatnot, one pair French grey chenille curtains, 44 yards Brussels carpets, and the following books: Chambers' Encyclopedia (8 vols.), Charles Reade's Works (3 volumes), History of Fiction (Dunlop), Laws of B.C., Edward's West Indies (5 vols.), Potter's Antiquities of Greece, Lever's Works (6 vols.), etc.

PRINCIPAL BEDROOM—Very handsome English black oak bedroom suite, with cheval glass to bureau; wire, wool and hair mattresses, blankets, comforts, quilts, fine toilet service, 2 rattan rockers, lace curtains, baby's cot and mattress, small Japanese cabinet, ornaments, 2 lamps, pictures, very fine velvet pile carpet in one square.

FOUR SECONDARY BEDROOMS—Four oak and ash bed sets, three-quarter bed set, child's bedstead, wire and wool mattresses, blankets, comforts, counterpanes, toilet services, lamps, rockers, commode, curtains, Brussels carpets, including a very fine one of 44 yards.

HALL AND SEWING ROOM—Gem perfection heating stove, pair Damask curtains, chenille curtains, Brussels carpet, hat and cloak stand, bear pup on stand, child's high chair, rocking horse, express wagon, fine guard fender, fine New Home sewing machine, tables and chairs.

KITCHEN, PANTRY AND OUTHOUSES—Very fine Redwood cooking range, with warming closet and hot water connection, copper boiler, dinner service, coil oil stove, lamps, linoleum, 5 chairs, 2 capital baby buggies, tables, wash tubs and boards, also a very well bred bull terrier.

Terms and conditions of sale as usual.

Catalogues ready Wednesday night, to be had free from

HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO.,
oc22 Leading Auctioneers.

Remember . . .

. . . . . .

That we have advertised a

Genuine Clearance Sale

Of Our Entire Stock of

JEWELRY, WATCHES, CLOCKS,

Etc., Etc., Etc.

Remember . . .

that we are doing exactly as we have advertised and that each and every article

Must Go . . .

DAVIDSON BROS.,

The Jewellers, 59 Government Street.

The balance of our Fall and Winter Stock has just arrived fresh from the manufacturers' hands. Call and inspect these Nobby Goods.

A. Gregg & Son,

Merchant Tailors. 62 Yates St.

A GREAT GIVE-AWAY

In Odd and Sample Lines } FOR ONE WEEK ONLY.

Men's Congress and Laced Boots

ALL SIZES.

Goods formerly $5.50 and $6.50 now going at $2.00.
FOR ONE WEEK ONLY.

J. H. BAKER, - - 63 Government Street.